

7 O'Clock Edition.

16 PAGES
TODAY

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

THE ONLY ST. LOUIS EVENING NEWSPAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

7 O'Clock
Edition.

"FIRST IN EVERYTHING"

VOL. 57. NO. 187.

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 24, 1905.

PRICE (In St. Louis, One Cent.
Outside St. Louis, Two Cents.)

"FIRST IN EVERYTHING."

HOUSE PASSES
REPEAL BILL
IN 9 MINUTESAction Looking Toward Removal
of the Breeders' Law from Mis-
souri Statutes Taken by Vote
of 113 to 7.ANTI-GAMBLING BILL
WILL COME UP MONDAYRepresentatives Vote to Offer
\$1000 Reward for Arrest of
Record Thief—Change in Sen-
timent Toward Gamblers.FOLK ORDERS AN
INVESTIGATION BY
ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Hon. Herbert S. Hadley, attorney-

general, Jefferson City, Mo.

Dear Sir—Information having
come to me that the original of
House Bill No. 11, pending in the
House of Representatives of the
General Assembly, has been stolen
and a spurious bill substituted
therefor, you are hereby instructed to
institute an investigation in
order to ascertain who the guilty
person or persons are, to the end
that just punishment may be meted
out to him or them for this violation
of law and flagrant outrage
against the law-making body and
dignity of the state.You are authorized to co-operate
with the prosecuting attorney of Cole
County, and to do all things
else necessary to accomplish the
desired ends.Spare neither time nor expense
in retarding this thing out, and do
not let your efforts cease until the
guilty party or parties are brought
to the bar of justice.If the contingent fund at your
disposal is not sufficient to meet
the expenses of your inquiry, ad-
vise me and I will recommend to
the General Assembly the appro-
priation of such an amount as may
be necessary. Very respectfully,

JOSEPH W. FOLK, Governor.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 24.—In
lightning time the House of Representa-
tives today, by a vote of 113 to 7, passed
House Bill No. 11, which repeals absolutely
the breeders' law, legalizing bookmaking
and pool selling at the racetracks.This action was followed immediately by
the introduction of a new anti-gambling
bill prepared under the direction of At-
torney-General Hadley.On motion of Representative Speer the
new bill will take precedence over all
other legislation and be placed on the rec-
ord for final passage not later than Mon-
day.The new anti-gambling bill is entitled,
"An act prohibiting bookmaking and pool
selling and prescribing a penalty therefor."
It provides that the General Assembly of
the state of Missouri enact as follows:

Text of the Bill.

Section 1. That any person who keeps any
room, shed, tenement, guest room, office, or
any part thereof, within this state, and who
occupies the same with any book, instrument or
device for the purpose of recording or register-
ing bets or wagers or selling pools upon the
result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or
endurance of man or beast, which is to be
made or to take place within or without this
state, or to any person who records or registers a
bet or wager or sells pools upon the result
of any trial or contest of skill, speed or
endurance of man or beast which is to be
made or to take place within or without this state
or being the owner, lessee, occupant or person in
charge of any room, tenement, shed, tent, booth
or building, or any part thereof, within this
state, who knowingly permits the same to be
used or occupied for any of the purposes herein
set forth, or who keeps, exhibits, or displays
any gambling device or apparatus for the pur-
pose of recording such bets or wagers or selling
pools, as herein above set forth, or becomes the
operator or depository for hire or privilege of any
person for any purpose contrary to the provisions
of this section, shall, on conviction, be ad-
judged guilty of a felony, and shall be pun-
ished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a
term of not less than two years, and not
more than a term of not less than six months nor
more than one year, or by fine of not less than
\$500, or by both such fine and imprisonment.Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent
with the provisions of this act are hereby re-
pealed.House Bill No. 1 was introduced by Mr.
Godfrey of St. Louis, who is also the au-
thor of Bill No. 1, which was stolen from
the chief clerk's office.The committee on criminal jurisprudence,
in drafting a substitute bill to con-
sider the one repealed, the breeders' law
it was essential, according to Attorney
General Hadley, that this should have been
done.The committee reported Bill No. 10 unfa-
vorably. Acting on the suggestion of the
attorney general, Representative Speer
called up Bill No. 1 and asked unanimous
consent in place of the calendar. Not a
dissenting voice was heard.The repeal bill was then engrossed and
placed on the calendar for final passage.

Men Who Voted "No."

Those who voted against the repeal bill
today are Representatives Newlin Conklin
(Dem.), Carroll; John M. Hennessy
(Dem.), St. Louis; John M. Oeseroff
(Dem.).

SHOWERS, THEN FAIR AGAIN

Slightly Cooler Weather Predicted
but Not to a Degree of Dis-
comfort.KRATZ FREED;
CONSPIRACY WAS
JURY'S BELIEFThird Ballot Resulted in Unani-
mous Verdict of Acquittal, Two
Being for Conviction on Preced-
ing Votes, Say Members.KRATZ UNDEMONSTRATIVE;
HIS FAMILY IN TEARS.Circuit Attorney Sager Disap-
pointed—Says He Is at Loss to
Explain Action—Kratz Declares
He Is Vindicated.By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dis-
patch.BUTLER, Mo., Feb. 24.—"Not guilty"
was the verdict of the jury in the bribery
case against Charles Kratz. It was returned
at 1:27 this morning.There was no cold weather reported and
no promise in the reports that a cold wave
was entering the country.FORCED HIS VISIT;
COSTS HIM \$500George Beckman Given Maximum
Fine for Pushing Way Into
Fenton's.

USED PISTOL ON HUSBAND

Judge Pollard Told Him His
Action Was Bad as Intent
to Murder.A man who will force himself into a
home where there are children, even though
his visits may be encouraged by the wife,
is no better than a man who enters a
home with the intention to commit mur-
der—in fact, he is worse, and should receive
the greatest penalty that can be
imposed, and I will fine you \$500," declared
Judge Jefferson Pollard of the Second Dis-
trict Police Court, Friday, after passing upon
the charge of disturbing the peace.
John G. Beckman, of Fenton.H. O. Maxey, Jr., foreman of the Kratz
jury, said this morning: "The jury found
Kratz not guilty because there was not
sufficient evidence presented by the state to
justify a conviction. The evidence the
state presented was of the wrong class.
The witness, particularly Stock, took substan-
tial portions of the charge that Kratz had any
connection with the boodle fund, although
it was clear to the jury that he fund was
deposited for boodle purposes. Personally,
I believe from the evidence and that is all I
know about the matter, that there was a
conspiracy between Stock and Brinkmeyer
to make Kratz a scapegoat. We did not
find for the defendant out of sympathy."My mind was made up on the evidence.
The speeches did not affect my opinion, al-
though both sides were ably presented. I
do not believe the speeches affected the
action of the jury at all.Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kratz.Why didn't they ask the answers that
Kratz gave? And it seems to me that if
Stock was so anxious to get Kratz off, he
call on him and not write letters."Mr. Maxey is county superintendent of
schools and his office is in the same court-
house where Kratz was tried.John Dillon, a young farmer, said:
There was no evidence to show that
Kratz was guilty. I don't know what could
be proved against Kratz. I only know
what was proven. That was not enough to
convict me. Outside of the testimony of
boddlers and perjurers, the state presented
letters they said Stock wrote to Kr

THEFT OF BILL TURNS THE TIDE

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

(Rep.), St. Louis County; J. M. Richardson (Rep.), Kansas City; Steele (Dem.), New Madrid; Hoeber (Rep.), St. Louis County; Watts (Rep.), St. Joe.

It took just nine minutes to engross and pass the repeal bill this morning. Arrangements to do so were made prior to the opening of the session, and thus all delay was avoided.

"The confusion with regard to breeders' law legislation now is terrible," said one.

1. A bill has been passed to repeal the breeders' law, which licenses bookmaking and pool selling, a bill to effect having been introduced in the early part of the session, but not acted upon by the criminal jurisprudence committee.

2. A new bill has been presented which follows the repeal bill and prohibits, under penalty of sentence, ranging from six months to five years in the penitentiary, the making of books and pools on horse races.

3. The House committee substitute, the original of which was stolen, involved both the repealing and enacting clauses. This mistake arose in consequence, Representative Bickley says, of the committee's substitute being added on to the original bill.

It is probable that the anti-gambling bill and another repealing the breeders' law will be presented to the Senate in order to prevent the delay, which might otherwise ensue as a result of awaiting the action of the lower branch of the Assembly.

Hadley Advises Legislation.

Attorney-General Hadley met the members of the investigating committee, composed of Representatives Speer of Osage, Godfrey of St. Louis and Haines of Saline, at his office and went over the entire situation. Mr. Hadley said that as there was grave doubt as to the validity of the anti-gambling bill, because of the original draft having disappeared, he considered new legislation entirely advisable. Further, the attorney-general recommended that the two bills above outlined should be introduced.

"The substitute bill is what was drawn over two subjects," said Mr. Hadley. "First, it prohibited selling and then proceeded to repeat breeders' law. To do the latter, I suggest that separate bills be introduced, particularly as we are inserting the felony clause."

The committee so agreed, and further accepted the attorney-general's judgment that the offense of bookmaking and pool-selling should be made a felony, just as is fare under the laws of Missouri.

Thus the racetrack lobby, which has been so active in attempting to block adverse legislation, has dealt a double blow.

The substitute measure approved by the House made bookmaking and pool-selling a misdemeanor punishable by a maximum fine of \$1000 and jail sentence of one year, or both.

The temper of the House members in view of the circumstances surrounding the disappearance of the Godfrey bill, is such that the racing interests may well despair of receiving the slightest sympathy from them.

It is virtually certain the bills as now introduced will go through without much opposition.

Worry Goes To The Stomach

Tears down the little Telegraph
Lines that Operate and control
the Digestive Processes.

How To Repair These Telegraph Lines.

I will gladly give any Stomach Sufferer
a Full Dollar's Worth of my Remedy
Free to Try.

I ask no deposit—no reference—no security. There is nothing to risk—nothing to pay, either now or later. Any stomach sufferer who does not know my remedy may have a full dollar's worth free. If you are worried about your stomach, I will willingly make this liberal offer because Dr. Shoop's Restorative is not an ordinary stomach remedy. It is not a decoction, nor is it a poultice itself. It goes beyond—it treats the nerve that controls and operates the stomach. The nerves that control the stomach are the sympathetic and Celiac stomach nerves. The stomach trouble is really only a symptom that there is some nerve trouble in the body. That is why ordinary remedies fail. That is why they are useless. That is why I can afford to make this offer.

Yet the more we look into this matter the more we find it is the appearance of an ugly scandal.

"But for the fact that our attention

was called to the theft of the original

House bill No. 11 by the Post-Dispatch,

we would have been badly fooled in

thinking we had enacted legislation re-

garding the prohibition of bookmaking and book-

making."

A representative of the Post-Dispatch

came to me at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon

and pointed to the fact that the chief

clerk of the House refused to grant

him permission to make an inspection of

the breeders' law legislation. At the same

time he informed me, Mr. Whitecotton and

Chairman Viles of the House committee

on criminal jurisprudence, told him that

he had good reason to believe

the original bill, which was intended as

a substitute for the present breeders' law,

had been stolen.

"Nothing of this kind has ever occurred

in my legislative experience and naturally

one would not mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

Now, I am not going to mean the nerves you

ordinarily think about. Human stomach

nerves over which your mind has no control,

have not the space here to explain to you how

the nerves are controlled and how they are

vitalized and restored. When you write I will

tell you a book which will make these points

clear. There is no pain—alluring nerves

cause all forms of stomach trouble—alarming nerves

belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, depression. Our stomach trouble causes all these ailments. Our nerves from the brain are the cause. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative gives all these results.

SICK BED MARRIAGE FOR DEAN

**EPISCOPAL CLERGYMAN OF KANSAS
WEDED DESPITE BRIDE'S SUFFERING FROM RHEUMATISM.**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

UTICA, N.Y., Feb. 24.—Lifted from her sick bed for the ceremony, Miss Anna E. Wheeler of Little Falls, Minn., was married to Rev. William Russell McKim, Dean of Christ Episcopal Cathedral, Salina, Kan.

Mrs. Wheeler has long been bedridden with rheumatism. The ceremony was planned for a month ago in Chicago, but the bride's condition prevented the marriage.

Mrs. Wheeler's marriage to the dean was the result of a romance that grew out of a visit to the home of Bishop Griswold in Kansas.

Mrs. Wheeler has long been bedridden with rheumatism. The ceremony was planned for a month ago in Chicago, but the bride's condition prevented the marriage.

The wedding of Miss Anna E. Wheeler, daughter of the late P. J. Powers, and Yewell Rice of Louisville, Ky., was celebrated at the Compton avenue Presbyterian Church. The ceremony was performed at 5 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. H. H. Gregg. Powers entered the church with her brother-in-law, Henry Powers, who carried her away. Her bridal gown was of white lace over chiffon ornamented with boucles and points of point lace. The long illusion veil was carried by a maid of honor in a blue silk dress. The bridegroom's family. The bridal bouquet was of white roses and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Shields wore a robe of lace with empurpled girdle of white silk. She carried diamonds and pearls.

Mr. Elliott's best man, Charles Elliott of Louisville, Ky., and Henry Shields and Guy Alexander ushered. There was a reception at the home of the bride's mother after the ceremony. Mrs. Powers and Rice left for the South where they will travel before going to their home in Louisville.

It is charged that Thompson's plan was to advertise to people to copy letters, promising to pay \$5 per 100 letters. Persons who answered the advertisements were notified that they must send him 75 cents to pay for a copyist's outfit. On receipt of the money, it is charged, Thompson would send pens, 50 visiting cards, two collar buttons, several sheets of paper, a stamp, a small receipt to copyists, and \$1 for a copyist's outfit, 25 cents to the amount to be retained by the person writing the letter.

The postoffice inspectors state that Thompson has been operating for about six weeks, having three addresses at the Compton, the Wholesale Co., 316 Pine; and Continental Supply Co., 312 Locust, and the Continental Jewelry Co., 302 Locust, all remitting to the Post Office Department. He is said to have received at least \$1000 through the mails during this time, and one day's mail, that of Feb. 13, is estimated to be worth \$1000, as all of the records now in possession of the inspectors. His mail averaged 500 letters a day, not all of which, however, contained remittances. Thompson claims to be a jewelry salesman.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson was arrested at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon by Post Office Inspectors D. J. Sullivan and J. L. Stiles at 302 Locust street, the technical charge against him being that of using the mails in a scheme to defraud. He is now held in the city jail, having failed to furnish bond for \$500, and will have a hearing at 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

It is charged that Thompson's plan was to advertise to people to copy letters, promising to pay \$5 per 100 letters. Persons who answered the advertisements were notified that they must send him 75 cents to pay for a copyist's outfit. On receipt of the money, it is charged, Thompson would send pens, 50 visiting cards, two collar buttons, several sheets of paper, a stamp, a small receipt to copyists, and \$1 for a copyist's outfit, 25 cents to the amount to be retained by the person writing the letter.

The postoffice inspectors state that Thompson has been operating for about six weeks, having three addresses at the Compton, the Wholesale Co., 316 Pine; and Continental Supply Co., 312 Locust, and the Continental Jewelry Co., 302 Locust, all remitting to the Post Office Department. He is said to have received at least \$1000 through the mails during this time, and one day's mail, that of Feb. 13, is estimated to be worth \$1000, as all of the records now in possession of the inspectors. His mail averaged 500 letters a day, not all of which, however, contained remittances. Thompson claims to be a jewelry salesman.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson was arrested at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon by Post Office Inspectors D. J. Sullivan and J. L. Stiles at 302 Locust street, the technical charge against him being that of using the mails in a scheme to defraud. He is now held in the city jail, having failed to furnish bond for \$500, and will have a hearing at 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

It is charged that Thompson's plan was to advertise to people to copy letters, promising to pay \$5 per 100 letters. Persons who answered the advertisements were notified that they must send him 75 cents to pay for a copyist's outfit. On receipt of the money, it is charged, Thompson would send pens, 50 visiting cards, two collar buttons, several sheets of paper, a stamp, a small receipt to copyists, and \$1 for a copyist's outfit, 25 cents to the amount to be retained by the person writing the letter.

The postoffice inspectors state that Thompson has been operating for about six weeks, having three addresses at the Compton, the Wholesale Co., 316 Pine; and Continental Supply Co., 312 Locust, and the Continental Jewelry Co., 302 Locust, all remitting to the Post Office Department. He is said to have received at least \$1000 through the mails during this time, and one day's mail, that of Feb. 13, is estimated to be worth \$1000, as all of the records now in possession of the inspectors. His mail averaged 500 letters a day, not all of which, however, contained remittances. Thompson claims to be a jewelry salesman.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

Received as Many as 500 Letters and \$70 a Day and Is Placed In Jail.

Charles W. Thompson Had An Endless Chain Plan to Get New "Customers."

ADVERTISED FOR COPYISTS

GAS EXPLOSION SCATTERS GLASS

Man, Setting Bat Trap in Store Basement, Holds Lamp Near Leaking Meters.

Exploding gas in the basement of the grocery store of Herman Hagedorn at Ohio avenue and Arsenal street, at 5 o'clock Thursday, broke a large plate glass, scattering the contents of a show window and gave Charles Hagedorn and Miss Lulu Rauscher, a customer, a fright they will remember.

Charles Hagedorn went to the basement to set a rat trap. He placed it near three new gas meters, which had been recently placed there. As he turned to leave the place, the name from the lamp he carried struck the glass.

A terrific explosion followed. Hagedorn was not injured, but the bottom of the show case on the first floor was splintered to fragments.

Miss Rauscher, who lives adjoining the shop, was standing at the telephone near the window when she was knocked with flying glass and small articles. She was not hurt.

W. Keeler and Frank Kuefer, city salesmen, and Mrs. C. Hoffman and two children, of 332 Ohio avenue, were in the store, but all escaped injury.

Schaper

ST.LOUIS CHEAPEST STORE
BROADWAY, and FRANKLIN AVE.

Glove Special

BARGAINS IN MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

OVERALLS. Men's and Boys' Blue denim and painter's overalls and jumpers, 50¢ 33c

SHIRTS. Single and Double breasted, all wool, \$1.00 value... 44c

MEN'S WHITE UNLAUNCHED DRESS SHIRTS. Good Muslin, pure Linen Bosoms, double back and front, 50¢ value 27c

50c

Handkerchiefs and Neckwear

Aisle Three—Main Floor.
This is always a busy department, but we want to make it especially interesting to you. We place on sale Saturday afternoons Ladies' Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, sold elsewhere as good values at 20c. Saturday Price... 10c

A lot of Pleated Collar and Cuff Sets, regular 50¢ value, Saturday, while they last, only 25c

4th FLOOR SPECIALS IN HOUSEFURNISHINGS
\$2.00 Decorated Parlor Lamps, fancy designs, for Saturday special... 79c

\$1.00 "Never-Sag" Curtain-Stretcher, Nickel-plated Pins, for Saturday... 49c

60¢ Fancy Japanned Bread Box, Special for Saturday... 35c

\$1.50 Heavy Copper Nickel-plated Tea Kettle, No. 7 or 8 size, for Saturday, special... 79c

BIJOU MUSIC ROOM.

Alexander Tossing, Mabel, Just for Fun, My Indian Queen, Blue Bell, Bunker Hill, My Lady Bird, Laces and Graces, Rustling Silks and others.

Won't You Fool Me, In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree, I Was Only Fooling, St. Louis Tickle, Back to Baltimore, and others.

The only music department furnishing company. Come and hear them. Featured by Both Phones: Bell, Main 4415; Kin. B 333.

LOOK OUT FOR PNEUMONIA.

Cold and Grip Rapidly Develop Into the Fatal Disease at This Season of the Year.

The pneumonia season is on—colds, grip and other ailments frequently terminate in this dread disease unless your system is fortified against it by a strengthening, invigorating tonic.

EGG-AN-TURN (egg and iron) is the one perfect blood food. It enriches the blood, builds up the tissues and puts the system in perfect condition. It is the only tonic that contains all the essential elements for the upbuilding of the human system. It infuses new life and new blood into the constitution, restores the health and strength. It increases your vitality and gives you a new lease on life.

EGG-AN-TURN possesses all the nourishing properties of the egg and all the medicinal properties of the iron combined in proper proportions. It improves the appetite and brings the glow of health to the system.

For sale by all druggists at \$1.00 a bottle, and no bottle produces wonderful results.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE.

If you are suffering from any organic weakness or disease, or nervous affection, or any run-down, weakened condition, dyspepsia, constipation, catarrhal, torpid liver, kidney disease, rheumatism, gout, female complaint, nervousness, nervous prostration, nervous debility, debilitated condition, nervousness or any disease or weakness resulting from an impure or impure condition of the blood, write at once to our medical board, stating the nature of your trouble, and you will receive advice absolutely free, also our Free Medical Book. There are so many serious diseases which are the direct result of an impure or impure condition of the blood that every sufferer, no matter what the trouble, should write to our medical department for free advice. There is nothing an ailment or disease but what could be positively cured and perfect health restored if the blood were plentiful, pure and rich. No matter what your trouble lay, write at once to our medical department, and you will be told just what to do to restore to perfect health and strength. It will cost you nothing. Address

Hyome Research Laboratory, Chicago, Ill.

A Thought for 1905

That will interest all men who understand

THE SCIENCE OF BUSINESS BUILDING.

Money bags money
When it is spent,
In the Post-Dispatch,
On business best.

FOOT IN EVERYTHING."

tered the contents of a show window and gave Charles Hagedorn and Miss Lulu Rauscher, a customer, a fright they will remember.

Charles Hagedorn went to the basement to set a rat trap. He placed it near three new gas meters, which had been recently placed there. As he turned to leave the place, the name from the lamp he carried struck the glass.

A terrific explosion followed. Hagedorn was not injured, but the bottom of the show case on the first floor was splintered to fragments.

Miss Rauscher, who lives adjoining the shop, was standing at the telephone near the window when she was knocked with flying glass and small articles. She was not hurt.

W. Keeler and Frank Kuefer, city salesmen, and Mrs. C. Hoffman and two children, of 332 Ohio avenue, were in the store, but all escaped injury.

HARPER'S SUCCESSOR TALKED
Choice for Head of Chicago University Will Lie Between Two Noted Educators.

Social Life Recommended.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—Prof. Harry Pratt Judson, dean of the faculty of the University of Chicago, or President Daniel Coit Gilman of Brown University will succeed Dr. James E. Harper as president of the Midway School.

Thousands of telegrams are being re-

sented by the Harvard family expressing

sympathy over the result of the operation

on President Harper.

President Roosevelt, prominent statesmen and foreign dignitaries and hundreds

of private citizens have wired their con-

dience.

"MERMAN" A PUZZLE TO THE PHYSICIANS

Scales Like Those of a Huge Fish Cover His Chest, Arms and Legs.

CASE DECLARED HOPELESS

Strange Patient Spurns Showmen's Offers and Prefers Work as Cabman.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 23.—Prof. Harry Pratt Judson, dean of the faculty of the University of Chicago, or President Daniel Coit Gilman of Brown University will succeed Dr. James E. Harper as president of the Midway School.

The cabman walked into the hospital and asked for the skin clinic. A young surgeon told the man he would have to make known his mission. Without a word the cabby bared his chest and revealed the scales, large as saucers, and lying in close layers exactly like those on a fish. The surgeon drew back in astonishment.

"Good heavens!" he exclaimed. "Are you a merman?"

"Hardly that," said the cabman laconically, but I'm pretty fishy, ain't I?"

Dr. Stout, the head skin physician in the hospital, looked over the man and said he had a well-defined case of ichthyosis.

"There are not more than half a dozen authentic cases of this disease in the United States," said the doctor, "and I feel sure the cabman has the most remarkable case on record. His body and arms and legs are completely covered with scales, and I fear he will never be cured.

"There are two kinds of ichthyosis—ichthyosis simplex and ichthyosis hystrix," continued Dr. Stout. "The cabman is suffering from ichthyosis simplex, or hystrix form, characterized by the extreme roughness of the skin, and there have been instances in which the cuticle was as large as a thumb nail. The disease develops as early as the fifth year, and increases gradually until maturity."

"I have had this scale disease all my life," said the man. "When I was 10 years old my mother refused to take him weekly to exhibit me in a museum. Since that time, repeated offers have been made by various managers to pay him \$100 a week, but he has always refused. Now he has accepted. I am in good health, and prefer the small wage earned in cab driving to the hundreds of dollars weekly held out to him by managers. I am never in pain, except when I am taking off a garment it catches another person's nail." The man is 30 years old.

Dr. Stout assured several patients in the hospital who became fearful of contracting the disease that it was not contagious, and the cabman now is under treatment. He knows the doctors do not entertain hope of a cure, but with them he is taking the chance of the unexpected happening.

The cabman is a member of the Negro race, and the Negroes are the only ones who have this disease.

He is a native of New Orleans, Louisiana.

He has been a cabman for 10 years.

NELSON-CORBETT

BATTLE AT FRISCO
MONDAY NIGHT

ED STANARD

DROPPED FROM
PRINCETON COLLEGE

TOM AXWORTHY

HAS GREAT FU-
TURE IN HARNESS TURFYOUNG CORBETT DOWN
TO WEIGHT; READY FOR
BATTLE OF HIS LIFEDenverite Realizes He Must Win or Become Back Number
—Getting "Wise" Money Because It Is Believed

Nelson Is Taking Off Flesh Too Fast.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24.—With three days still intervening before his battle with Battling Nelson at Mechanics' Pavilion, Monday night, Young Corbett, the defeated champion, is down to weight and looks fit to fight the battle of his life.

His camp is one smile of confidence. The feeling is infectious and his grieve in the pools is steadily going up. The Dane was the public choice when the betting began, but the flood of Corbett money is driving his price down and down until it will occasion no surprise if the Denverite rules a ring-side favorite.

No one but his trainers and himself know how long, how hard and how earnestly Young Corbett has trained for this battle. He realizes that this is his last chance. Monday night he must win, else all the odds are against him over beaten champion. If Nelson defeats him on that night, it will be because Young Corbett's fighting days are behind him and the Dane is the better man. Young Corbett will be in as good condition as is possible for him to reach when he climbs through the ropes for the battle.

"I knew when I began training for this fight that it would be my last if I were beaten," said Young Corbett at his training camp. "I began hard work before the articles were signed, before I knew whether Nelson would meet me again. I was in poor condition when I fought him before, as everyone knows. This time I will be in the best of condition, and I know I will win. Before I fought this boy there never was a man of my weight who could trade punches with me. That is this Dane's only chance, as he is nothing of a boxer. When I am myself, does anyone think that

DWYER THROWS
JACK MUNROE

Athletic Manager of Stanford University Receives Acceptance from Waseda University.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 24.—Mike Dwyer won two falls out of three last night from Jack Munroe of Butte, at the catch-as-catch-can game. Munroe weighed 210 pounds on the scales, while Dwyer weighed 195. Both fighters, however, were different. Dwyer kept on top, working the mites all the time. He won the second fall by the use of a leg lock and an arm bar. Dwyer will probably get a return match with Dwyer in Birmingham. He will get a Greco-Roman match in Atlanta with Charles Leonhardt of Newark. He has several boxing matches in mind while in the South.

Knee shoes for girls, sizes 1½ to 2; Viet kid, lace and button, heavy soles, extra value at \$3.00, now \$2.10, at BOEHMER'S, 416 N. Broadway.

GOTCH AND JIM PARR
IN TRYOUT TONIGHT

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Champion Frank Gotch, the boy from Iowa who created a sensation among spectators during the last year, will tonight make his first appearance in New York on the mat.

Against him will be pitted Jim Parr, the best heavyweight wrestler England has produced in recent years. He has agreed to undertake the task of throwing the Englishman twice in an hour or lose the match.

TAINTED
BLOOD

Columbus, Ohio, May 19, 1903.
Some four years ago I was suffering from impure blood and a general run-down condition of the system. I had no appetite, was losing in flesh, and had an all-gone tired feeling that made me feel miserable.

I began the use of S. S. S., and after taking seven or eight bottles my skin was cleared of all eruptions and took on a ruddy, healthy glow that assured me that my blood had been restored to its normal, healthy condition. My appetite was restored, as I could eat my fill, put before me, and I continued my appetite in increase in weight, and that "tired feeling" which worried me so much disappeared, and I was once again my old self.

I heartily recommend S. S. S. as the best blood purifier and tonic made, and strongly advise its use to all those in need of such medicine.

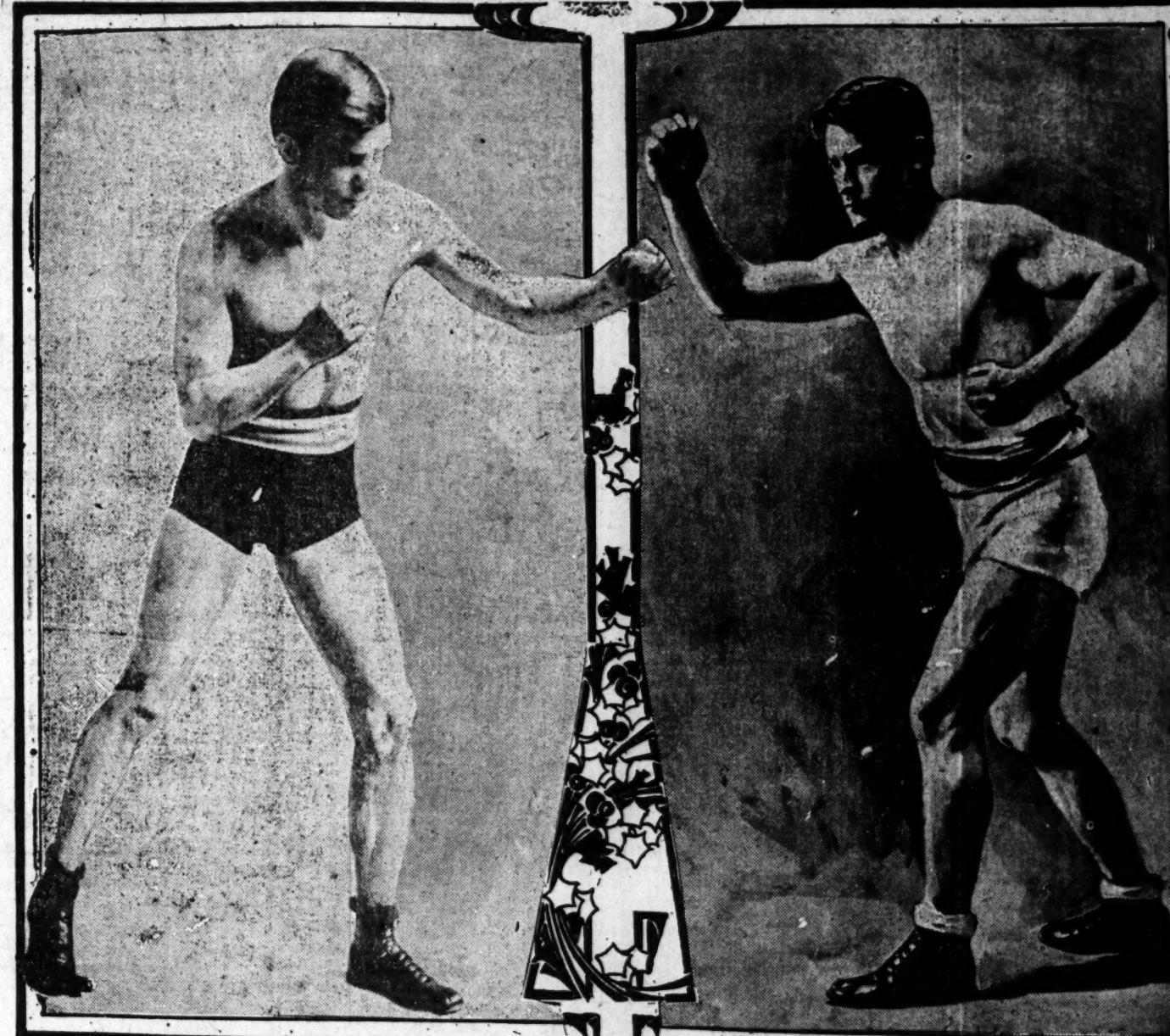
VICTOR STUBRINS.
Cor. Barthman and Washington Aves.

S. S. S. is a standard remedy for all blood trouble and a most invigorating tonic when in a debilitated, run-down condition. If there is any tumor, ulcer or poison in the blood, it removes it out and removes it. It cures diseases due to a polluted or disordered blood nothing acts so promptly and effectively as S. S. S. It is a purely vegetable remedy, containing no mercury, potash, arsenic or other minerals. If you have any symptoms of disorders of the blood write us about your case and our physicians will advise you without charge.

Our book on blood and skin diseases sent free.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Young Corbett and Battling Nelson as They Will Appear in Ring at Mechanics' Pavilion in Their Battle Tuesday Night



BATTLING NELSON

YOUNG CORBETT

BASEBALL BRIEFS

about baseball, entered an argument with Taylor regarding the profit or loss involved in the proposed sale of one of Jack's trottors.

After proving his point, O'Neill then offered to buy Jack's horse, so that he could make one more, two more, or three more, in the same Taylor case, of course, could not let slip an opportunity like that seemed, so the two men were put up.

The pair, followed by a group of interested fans, then retired to the side of the club house, where Mike proceeded to work on his new trotter, the old familiar trick algebraic problem.

After listening for half an hour to "Let me equal 1 and let 2 equal 3," he said, "I know I have a tough battle ahead," he said, "probably a harder one than I had before. I expect Young Corbett will put up a much stronger fight, but I know I am his master, am within four pounds of the weight today, and I could beat at the moment, but I am not in the best of condition. I will weigh in at about 128 pounds and be as strong as I ever was."

Unless the weather is bad this battle Monday night will be in a position to force Jimmy Britt into a fight. This is the fond hope of the management, and if Britt wins, Britt will not have a peaceful moment until he signs articles for a battle.

Unless the weather is bad this battle Monday night will be in a position to force Jimmy Britt into a fight. This is the fond hope of the management, and if Britt wins, Britt will not have a peaceful moment until he signs articles for a battle.

Three of Squad, Including St. Louisian, Dropped off Football

Players in Studies.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—Jack Roller of New York and Billy Willis of the Bronx were cast over Princeton men Thursday by the announcement from the faculty that three prominent members of the football squad have been dropped from the university because of failure in studies.

Ed Standor of the Lexington, the 285-pound freshman, tackle on last year's eleven; F. W. Ritter, halfback, and C. L. Holden, guard, will be unable to play on the 1905 team. Failure in the recent mid-year examinations is the direct cause of the faculty ruling.

The loss of these men, together with the absence of Foluke, Short, Burke and Crawford, who will graduate in June, make the prospects for a winning team next season almost hopeless.

The students dropped are all strong players and were in their freshman year.

Stanard, especially will prove a severe loss to the Tigers. His line-bucking last year attracted broad attention in the East and he was looked upon by Princeton followers as another De Witt.

He was even seriously considered for the All-American team at the close of last year, but his lack of height and inexperience kept him from dispatching the veterans who were chosen.

It is highly probable, however, that the "flunking" of the students will not deprive them of their mid-year grades.

Standor, who is 6 feet 2 inches tall, was born in Patoka, Ill., by Imp. King Galpin, which was purchased by Wishard of F. E. Driver last fall.

Manhattan Special \$3.50 Freah shoes for women, now \$2.50 at BOEHMER'S.

ROLLER SENDS WILLIS TO MAT IN SIXTH ROUND

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—Jack Roller of New York and Billy Willis of the Bronx were cast over Princeton men Thursday by the announcement from the faculty that three prominent members of the football squad have been dropped from the university because of failure in studies.

Ed Standor of the Lexington, the 285-pound

freshman, tackle on last year's eleven; F. W. Ritter, halfback, and C. L. Holden, guard, will be unable to play on the 1905 team. Failure in the recent mid-year examinations is the direct cause of the faculty ruling.

The loss of these men, together with the absence of Foluke, Short, Burke and Crawford, who will graduate in June, make the prospects for a winning team next season almost hopeless.

The students dropped are all strong players and were in their freshman year.

Stanard, especially will prove a severe loss to the Tigers. His line-bucking last year attracted broad attention in the East and he was looked upon by Princeton followers as another De Witt.

He was even seriously considered for the All-American team at the close of last year, but his lack of height and inexperience kept him from dispatching the veterans who were chosen.

It is highly probable, however, that the "flunking" of the students will not deprive them of their mid-year grades.

Standor, who is 6 feet 2 inches tall, was born in Patoka, Ill., by Imp. King Galpin, which was purchased by Wishard of F. E. Driver last fall.

Manhattan Special \$3.50 Freah shoes for women, now \$2.50 at BOEHMER'S.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and then went on to the mat, and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

Joe Hagen repeated his stunt of last week by knocking out Bob Kerns in four rounds.

WYETH, FORMER DERBY WINNER, TO RACE AGAIN

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 24.—Trainer Enoch Wishard has ordered the 6-year-old gelding, Wyeth, to be shipped to the American Derby in 1902, and in the end Wyeth will be entitled to the honors. Wyeth's showing was poor at the start, and it was not until the fifth race that he woke up and finally Willis was willing enough, but proved a poor match for Roller.

FAMOUS DR. BULL

The Discoverer of
Dr. Bull's
Cough Syrup

DR. JOHN W. BULL,
Discoverer of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.**IT HAS CURED THOUSANDS.**

"My little boy had a touch of bronchial pneumonia and Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cured him after I had given him but a few doses. My other boy and my husband had bad colds and Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cured them. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, they were cured too. Mrs. Annie Windle, 28 Diamond St., Brooklyn, N. Y."

"I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for my cold and obtained great relief. I have a cold now and Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the only Cough Syrup which helps more than anything else and always cures me." Miss Barbara C. Williamson Andover, Mass.

"I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for years and it has always been the best. It is the only Cough Syrup that I ever found which cures my children at home or abroad. Mrs. T. Wynkoop, 27th and East Gilson Street, Portland, Oregon.

"I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for the past ten years and have always derived great benefit from it. I also have a cold now and my many friends and they are very well pleased with the result that followed its use." Andrew Atte, 169 Hickory St., Buffalo, N. Y.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES.

Do not accept some cheap imitation; it may contain harmful drugs. Neither take the poor substitute offered by the dealer; he is after large profits and you will endanger your health or that of your family if you fool with a substitute. Insist on DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP; it is the best; it is the one that will cure you and no other remedy equals it. See that our Trade-mark, the Bull's Head, is on the wrapper. Price 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00, at all drugstores.

A. O. MEYER & CO., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md.

**BECAUSE OF ITS MATURITY
AND PURITY**



**HUNTER
BALTIMORE
RYE**

IS ESPECIALLY RECOMMENDED
TO THE

LADIES

DAVID NICHOLSON, St. Louis, Mo.

SAYS DR. KIRCHNER WAS NOT NEGIGENT

Supt. Brown of City Hospital Declares Grandjury Investigation Should Exonerate Him.

CORONER'S JURY HELD HIM

His Negligence With That of Attendant Declared Responsible for Long's Death.

Dr. John Young Brown, superintendent of the City Hospital and the official superior of Dr. C. G. Kirchner, assistant superintendent in charge of the Emergency Hospital, said Friday that he had no fears of any warrants being issued as a result of the findings of coroner's jury in the Henry S. Long inquest.

The coroner's verdict held Dr. Kirchner and Andrew Gavin, an attendant, guilty of negligence in Long's treatment.

"If the grandjury takes the matter up," said Dr. Brown, "I am sure it will find that the charges against Dr. Kirchner are unfounded. Dr. Kirchner has been a member of the City Hospital staff for four years, and is capable and sympathetic to an extent that is almost ridiculous at times. My investigations have shown me that every care was given Long, and that the treatment of blood poisoning that developed was that which he would have recommended where else."

"The accommodations at the Emergency Hospital are very poor, however, and it is there that the trouble lies. Fourteen insane patients can not be properly cared for there; frequently we are called upon to care for 20 or 30. The result is overcrowding, as was the case at the time that Long was a patient."

"I shall recommend to the board of health at its next meeting that we be given authority to send persons requiring observation as to their insanity immediately to the insane asylum where their condition can be observed as satisfactorily as here. At present, such patients have to be kept at the Emergency Hospital until the board of health, at regular meeting, orders them sent to the insane asylum."

The verdict of the coroner's jury which was told in the late editions of Thursday's Post-Dispatch, was a surprise to hospital physicians, who expected Dr. Kirchner would be exonerated of all blame by the jury.

The testimony showed that Long was taken to the Emergency Hospital from Eleventh street and Franklin avenue Feb. 9, and was transferred to the insane asylum Feb. 14. Dr. George Grogan, who took Long to the hospital, testified in contradiction of the report made by Dr. Kirchner to the Board of Health. In the report it was stated that Long was violent and four policemen were required to take him to the hospital. Policeman Grogan testified that other facts were detailed, but that only one was needed.

Dr. Kirchner testified that Long's conduct was caused by a condition peculiar to the man, who bore him to his cot, which he said was necessary on account of the crowded condition of the Emergency Hospital. It is believed that Long probably have been avoided had there been a padded cell in which to place him.

GIRL'S HANDS WERE ABLAZE

Cement Used by Shoe Factory Worker Catches Fire From Flames in Dress.

By her presence of mind and the bravery of a companion, Miss Cecilia Gerberman, aged 19, stitching machine operator in the Dittman Shoe Co.'s factory at 36th University street, escaped serious injury when her dress caught fire from an overheated shafting connection at her feet Thursday afternoon.

When she attempted to extinguish the flames in her dress, the inflammable cement which covered her hands was ignited and her hands were severely burned before assistance came.

When she saw her hands in flames she held them from her in spite of the excruciating pain until Miss Mamie Janis, another girl at work, ran to help her.

The other girls at work on the floor fled in terror as they saw Miss Gerberman holding up her burning hands.

Miss Gerberman, whose second degree burn except to her hands, was taken home after the burns were dressed.

Mrs. Hopkins says: "You find that a true friend is the rarest thing in the world." That Man Belcher is now manager for Tom House, 415 Pine. For gentlemen.

MR. CAPEN AND BRIDE HERE.

Bridegroom Was Not in Litigation With Former Wife.

Wallace C. Capen and his bride, who was Mrs. Mary E. McCleary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. McCleary of Little Rock, Ark., where they were recently married, have come to St. Louis and are at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Capen, 1000 Locust. Mr. Capen is at 38 Westmoreland place. They will soon begin housekeeping in the neighborhood of McPherson and Lake avenues.

In Capen and Mrs. McCleary Thursday, it was erroneously stated that Mr. Capen and his former wife, who was Miss Florence Ladd, had been in litigation for the possession of their child. Mr. Capen has no children.

J. C. Ayer & Co. to Publish Formulas on Their Bottles.

LOWELL, Mass., Feb. 24.—J. C. Ayer & Co., manufacturers of proprietary medicines, announce that hereafter they will publish formulas of their medicines on bottles.

MORGAN PLANS BOND ISSUE

Investors Will Be Offered \$25,000,000 Ocean-Shipping Paper

Report in the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—Plans are being perfected by J. Pierpont Morgan to underwrite the new issue of ocean-shipping paper.

It probably will urge investors to know that this new issue will consist of an additional \$25,000,000 of the 4% per cent ocean trust debenture bonds of the International Mercantile Marine Co., internationally known as the Ocean Shipping Trust.

To make room for spring, every pair of boys', girls' and child's shoes in the house have been reduced at BOEHMERS, 419 N. Broadway.

ONE MONTH FOR A MURDER.

KISHNEFF, Bessarabia, Feb. 24.—The trial of thirteen men, accused of the murder of a Jewish nameless woman during the anti-Semitic riots, was concluded today with the acquittal of nine of the defendants, while twenty-two were sentenced to a month's imprisonment.

St. Louis has more Post-Dispatch readers every day than it has homes.

"First in Everything."

CHARGES LYNCHINGS TO POOR TEACHINGS

Sir Winfield Laurier Believes Canada Superior to United States.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 24.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, introducing a bill in the House of Commons providing for Roman Catholic schools in two new provinces in the Canadian Northwest, said that lynchings, murders and divorce evils of the United

States were due to the absence of religious teaching in the common schools of that country.

He compared Canada with the United States and said, "when I compare the statutes of the two nations, when I think upon their future, when I observe the progress of civilization and the welfare of each of them, and when I observe in this country of ours the total absence of lynchings and almost total absence of divorces and murders, for my part, I say we are living in a country where young children are taught Christian morals and Christian dogmas."

\$20.50 Washington, D. C., and Return

From St. Louis, via Vandalia-Pennsylvania roads. Tickets sold March 1, 2, 3, return limit March 8, with privilege of extension to March 18, 1905. Trains leave 8:44 a. m., 12:30 noon, 11:35 p. m. Ticket offices, Eighth and Olive and Union Station.

BUSINESS MEN

FAVOR BOND ISSUE

League Endorses Plan of Raising \$9,000,000 Explained by Comptroller Player.

The Business Men's League, at a meeting held Thursday evening at the Mercantile Club, passed a resolution endorsing the proposed bond issue of \$9,000,000, which is to be voted on at the next city election.

The proposition was discussed at length

by members and was thoroughly explained by Comptroller Player.

The resolution was introduced by Joseph A. Jackson, president of the Typographical Union No. 8.

CHEAP COUNTERFEITS.

From the Philadelphia Record. It's a cheap counterfeiter that would start the detective on a false scent.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of *Castor H. Tritton*



The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

OLDEST IN AMERICA — LARGEST IN EXISTENCE

ASSETS OVER 440 MILLION DOLLARS

The year 1904 was the most successful year in the history of the Company, now in its sixty-third year, exceeding in increase of Membership, Increase of Insurance Issued, Increase of Amount Loaned to Members, Increase of Mortuary and Endowment Payments, Increase of Income, Increase of Funds Accumulated for the Benefit of Members, Increase of Dividends to be Paid Policy-holders and Decrease of Expense Ratio.

The following additional figures, constituting its Balance Sheet, illustrate with equal significance the very great and satisfactory progress of the Company:

AVAILABLE FUNDS			LIABILITIES		
The Company Owned:	Dec. 31, 1904	GAIN IN 1904	1—Amount required by law as a Reserve Fund for paying all the Company's Insurance Risks, as certified by the New York Insurance Department, and for Claims due.....	Dec. 31, 1904	GAIN IN 1904
1—Bonds and Stocks, amounting, at the Market Value, to.....	\$243,191,442 24	\$28,478,203 87	336,620,552 73	\$26,798,784 78	
2—Real Estate, chiefly in the large cities of the world where the Company does business.....	34,701,700 61	389,567 01			
3—Cash in Banks and Trust Companies.....	17,973,159 59	—4,487,390 48			
And it Had Loaned:					
4—On First Mortgages of Real Estate.....	102,027,893 42	12,302,978 28			
5—To Policy-holders on their Policies.....	23,277,736 49	4,851,685 85			
6—On Bonds and Stocks.....	11,210,000 00	—8,007,500 00			
And there was Due the Company:					
7—For Interest Accrued, Quarterly and Semi-annual Premiums, Etc.....	8,596,438 81	629,219 92			
Making the Total Available Funds.	\$440,978,371 16	\$89,156,700 50	Making the Total Liabilities as a Mutual Company.....	\$440,978,371 16	\$89,156,700 50
INCOME			DISBURSEMENTS AND ACCUMULATIONS		
In 1904	GAIN IN 1904		In 1904	GAIN IN 1904	
1—Received for Premiums.....	\$62,932,097 10	\$2,781,077 44	1—Paid Policy-holders.....	\$34,726,548 34	\$1,098,768 22
2—Received from Interest and all Other Sources.....	18,070,887 47	888,194 87	2—Paid for all Other Accounts.....	16,658,183 10	576,847 12
Total Received.....	\$81,002,984 57	\$3,669,271 81	3—Total Disbursements.....	\$51,382,731 44	\$2,575,115 45
			4—Balance of Income Accumulated.....	29,620,253 13	1,094,156 96
			Total Disbursed and Accumulated.	\$81,002,984 57	\$8,669,271 81

A pamphlet containing a complete list of all the Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, amounting to \$243,191,442.24, and the amount held of each, with its par and market-value, will be mailed to any address on written request to the Home Office.

The Market Value of the Bonds and Stocks owned at the end of the year was \$23,810,689.51 in excess of their cost on the books of the Company, and these results have been obtained without resort to questionable practices or the use of methods derogatory to the reputation of the Company.

The Representative Life Insurance Company of the World.

From its Organization in 1843 up to December 31, 1904, The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has paid to and accumulated for its Policy-holders over One Thousand One Hundred and Six Millions of Dollars (\$1,106,701,837), which is over Two Hundred and Seventeen Millions more than any other Company has accomplished.

Its Accumulated Assets of \$440,978,371.16 are nearly Twenty-nine Millions more than those of any other Company.

CHEMICAL BUILDING, 8th and Olive Sts. **FRED N. CHENEY, Manager**

ST. LOUIS, MO.

HEALTHY KIDNEYS IN OLD AGE

Maintained by the Use of

WARNER'S SAFE CURE

Unless Your Kidneys Are Healthy Your Entire System Becomes Diseased.

ADAM ORIGINATOR OF THE "SIMPLE LIFE"

High Priest of the Vedanta Says Charles Wagner Is Not the First Exponent.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The Rev. Chas. Wagner fancies that he is the originator of "The Simple Life," he appears to be in error. The Swami Abhedananda, high priest of the Vedanta society of New York told his flock of mystics that the original exponents of the theory were Adam and Eve.

According to the Swami, the original simplicity of life applied not only to the matter of clothing, but in all else terrestrial. Women are in the majority in the Vedanta society, and those who listened to their high priest were nearly all elaborately gowned.

"The ideal of simple living has been held in high esteem from the time of the Swami. It dates back to the beginning of the world. But in the Occident simple living is equivalent to poverty. Men are poor, and they have no curse. Here men are groaning under the burden of overwork, ambition, disease and discontent, that they may satisfy their insatiable greed."

"In India men and women today, as in all ages, voluntarily renounce riches, palaces, even thrones, to find in the simple life a happiness and spiritual health."

"Occidental civilization has solved the problem of complex living and has given to the world a great nation. The Orient has solved the practically opposite problem of living simply and rationally. In India, the man who has the smallest needs is considered to be nearest perfection."

St. Louis has more Post-Dispatch readers every day than it has homes.

"First in everything."

IRVING TO RETIRE AT ONCE.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Sir Henry Irving, having already given up his title of the English provinces, is likely now to cancel his farewell American engagement. Though the actor is slightly better today his friends are greatly alarmed.

St. Louis has more Post-Dispatch readers every day than it has homes.

"First in everything."

Owen L. Collins Candidate.

Owen L. Collins is a candidate for the Republican nomination for the House of Delegates in the Twenty-fourth ward. William J. Dillon has no opposition for the Democratic nomination in this ward.

Fifty Years the Standard



Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

OUR REMOVAL SALE OF FINE PIANOS

Is the greatest opportunity ever offered in this city to secure a big reduction on STRICTLY RELIABLE PIANOS.

This Removal Sale is entirely different from our special piano sales ever conducted in St. Louis, from the fact that we are offering our entire stock of such well-known high-grade pianos as A. B. CHASE, EMERSON, WEGMAN, HAINES BROS., FOSTER, ARMSTRONG, CHICKERING, VOSE, etc., AT REDUCTIONS RANGING FROM \$50 to \$150.

Less than our usually low prices. These makes have a standard value the world over, and anyone that visits our salesrooms can readily see that the reductions are legitimate.

Take advantage of this opportunity before it is too late. It will not last much longer.

OUR IRONCLAD GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION OR MONEY BACK, GOES WITH EACH PIANO.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

CONROY PIANO CO.,
1115 OLIVE ST.

RUPTURE

QUICKLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED
No Cutting, No Pain, No Danger, Over 12,000 Cured Within 12 years' practice.
W. A. LEWIS, M.D., 604 Washington Av.

KANSAS OIL WAR BOOMS HOCH FOR THE PRESIDENCY

Governor of Sunflower State Deluged With Congratulations and Politicians of Middle West Begin Sounding His Praises.

WHACKS "OCTOPUS" BY SIGNING CARRIER BILL

Legislators to Show no Mercy in Investigating Osage Leases—Price of Standard Oil Stock at Low Ebb.

BY JOHN FAY,

A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 24.—Gov. Hoch will be the Sunflower state's candidate for the Republican nomination for President in 1908.

The governor is deluged with letters and telegrams of congratulations from Republican leaders in the West. His friends—"Standard Oil must be beaten," and "A square deal, no more, no less" are on the tongues of the politicians throughout the middle West. Again has he whacked the "octopus" by signing the pipeline carrier bill.

"If any of these oil laws are unconstitutional," said he, "we can submit an amendment to the constitution, so that the people may be protected. We cannot stand inactive when an aggressive enemy is clutching us by the throat. I believe that the Kansas anti-trust sentiment will have widespread results."

Former Attorney-General Mounett of Ohio, is expected here Saturday.

The oil drill which Kansas legislators draw monthly every Tuesday, and the law-making body is supposed to adjourn on that date. Unless unusual speed is displayed it will require another week to finish the business.

Dispatches from Washington to members of the Kansas Legislature say the Standard Oil and its tributary companies are to be shown no mercy by the House.

Members of the House are anxious to know how Secretary Hitchcock, after denouncing the lease of the Osage lands, could so reconcile the matter as to renew the lease upon exactly the same terms.

The secretary has said that the lessees had "vested rights" in the land leased. Members are at a loss to understand what vested rights can accrue to the lessees after the terms of their lease expires.

Standard Oil stock continues on the decline, which has been a feature of the issue ever since President Roosevelt ordered an investigation of the company. This added to the warfare waged against the company by the various western and southern states, is held solely responsible for the decline.

Ten points more were lopped off the price of stock on the Broad street curb market, the issue selling down from \$60 to \$50. This is equivalent to a diminution of \$10,000,000 on the market value of the company's outstanding stock of \$100,000,000.

Standard Oil stock as high as \$50 a share for a time but since the day of the investigation which was the day President Roosevelt's determination for an investigation was announced.

CAR OVERTURNS FUNERAL CARRIAGE

Five Mourners Are Pinned Helpless Under Vehicle at Hall's Ferry Road.

WOMAN INTERNALLY HURT

Rev. Henry Gardner Slightly Bruised Bearing Combined Weight of Victims.

The carriage party of five who were injured in a street car collision while returning from the funeral of Mrs. John Pearson at Bellefontaine Cemetery at 4:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon are all recovering from their injuries.

John Pearson, husband of the woman whose funeral was held, sustained a scalp wound. He is at his home 4241 John street.

Mrs. Wm. Pearson, his son's wife, one of the two women in the carriage, was internally injured, cut on the hands by broken glass and bruised. She is the most seriously injured, but Dr. Meredith, her physician, expects a prompt recovery.

William Pearson and Miss Iva Lynne, Mrs. Pearson's daughter, who suffered a sprained arm and a few minor cuts, are at their home, 600 Victor street.

Rev. Henry Gardner of 235 Harper street, pastor of Lee Avenue Presbyterian Church, the fifth member of the carriage party, was but slightly bruised, although he was pinned down for a time under the combined weight of all the other victims. William Cliff, driver of the carriage, was unharmed.

At Hall's Ferry and North Broadway there is a drinking fountain, and the driver of the Pearson carriage stopped to water his horses. Then he started to drive diagonally across the road to the west, or "right" side of the street.

As he approached the tracks he saw a north-bound Broadway car approaching and stopped, but says he understood the motorman to signal for him to go on. He started across, and the next instant the car struck the carriage near the center and overturned it.

Frank Powers, the motorman, says he thought the carriage driver had stopped, and when he started it was too late to prevent the collision.

Special \$3.50 shoes, now \$2.50 at Boehmer's. Extra \$3.50 shoes for men, now \$2.50 at BOEHMER'S, 410 N. Broadway.

LONELY, HE HANGED HIMSELF

Parting With Last of Three Daughters to Wed Drove Aged Tinner to Suicide.

An inquest was begun Friday morning over Frederick Schmidt, aged 70, whose body was found hanging in the stable in the rear of his home and tinsmith shop at 7118 South Broadway Thursday afternoon by John Waite, a former employee of the aged tinner, who had gone to the shop to get some work done.

Mr. Schmidt ended his life because he was lonely since his third and last daughter, Mrs. Josephine Swensen, had removed from the room above his shop a few weeks ago. Mrs. Swensen lived in the rooms above her father's tinsmith and shop. When she went away she made arrangements with Mr. Schmidt to let him have the room above his shop.

Mrs. Kramer called to see her father Tuesday, and he seemed in good spirits, but told her that he intended to take a walk as he was getting old. This document was drawn Wednesday by Ernest Renner and in it, Mr. Schmidt is said to have left his property to his daughters.

Boys' satin calf, good heavy shoes for school, 24¢ to 5, \$1.75 value, now \$1.20, at BOEHMER'S, 410 N. Broadway.

COWBOYS OFF FOR INAUGURAL

Two Carloads of Ponies and Many Riders Leave West to Participate in Parade.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 24.—Capt. Seth Bullock today shipped two carloads of ponies to Washington to be used in the inaugural parade by the cowboys from the Black Hills. Some of the cowboys are already on the way East, and Capt. Bullock and fifty more will leave Deadwood next Monday.

Ten of the best riders of the cowboys will go to New York after the Washington event to take part in a roping contest at Madison Square Garden. Most of the members of the troupe are cattle owners who became acquainted in the early days with President Roosevelt.

Snappy satin calf, good heavy shoes for school, 24¢ to 5, \$1.75 value, now \$1.20, at BOEHMER'S, 410 N. Broadway.

STAGE DRIVER REMEMBERED

St. Joseph Wants to Place Bust of W. F. Davis, Inventor of Mail Car. WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Representative Cochran of Missouri has introduced a resolution authorizing the public authorities of St. Joseph, Mo., to place in the Federal building, now being constructed there, a bust of William F. Davis. Mr. Davis, now dead, was a mail coach captain, and the mail between Hannibal and St. Joseph and became famous as the inventor of the first mail car, which he constructed out of a box car.

The Only Diamond Cutters
In the United States. We are also the largest retailers in the world. Low prices, finest goods, and easy monthly or weekly payment terms. Please call, Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d floor, 308 N. Sixth street.

Fine for Boy Who Stoned Car.

Sam Cataneiro, 11 years old, living in the rear of 85 North Ninth street, who was charged with throwing a stone through the window of the Elsner car on Saturday night, was tried in the Juvenile Court Friday and sentenced to the house of reform for an indefinite term. The boy admitted that he threw the stone at two men who took his cap while he was selling papers on the car.

Pumping Station Employee Hurt.

Arthur Helwig is at his home, 216 John

FRIDAY-ST LOUIS POST-DISPATCH-FEBRUARY 24, 1905

Advance Showing of Men's and Young Men's New Spring Clothes

With justified pride we direct your attention to and invite your early inspection of the smart new Spring TOP COATS, RAINCOATS and SUITS for Men and Young Men that are now on display and ready for your choosing at Famous. Only the very best and cleverest tailors in America can satisfy our exacting wants, and therefore only the most artistic and most correct garments built for this spring's service are represented in this august gathering. Most conspicuously shown are the handsome clothes of ROGERS, PEET & CO. of New York, which are exclusively sold in St. Louis by Famous and which are conceded to be by far the very finest ready-to-wear garments produced in the United States—equal in every way to the highest priced made-to-measure clothes. Custom tailor enthusiasts are particularly urged to thoroughly study the excellence of these garments.

The New Top Coats Are Priced From \$8.50 to \$35.00 and come in all the proper effects—the short, medium or longer coats—tan or drab cloverts, fancy patterned Scotch mixtures, Oxford gray or solid black vicunas or unfinished worsteds. There's a tone of excellence and refinement about them that will deeply impress genteel dressers.

The Long Raincoats Will Be More Popular This Spring

No garment is more practical—it answers every purpose; can be worn as a spring Overcoat, Raincoat or for dress occasions. Our showing this season represents all the newest weaves and shades. We desire specially to emphasize the superlative values we offer at \$20.

The New Suits for Men and Young Men.

An advance display of the correct fashions for spring—creations from America's foremost tailors, including the celebrated ROGERS, PEET & CO.'S New York clothes. All the very latest effects make up this showing. Prices range from \$10 to \$35.

Men's Pants

\$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5 Values for \$2.65

Freshen up Winter Suit with a new pair of stylish pants—they certainly can be bought at a low enough price Saturday at Famous. We offer expertly tailored, service-giving pants, made of pure wool cassimere, cheviots and worsteds, in a wide range of correct pattern effects, including the nobby stripes, plaids, checks, or the plain blacks and blues—products of the best trouser tailors in America—regular \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00 values—Saturday at Famous—don't miss this chance—choice for

2.65

Men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 Pants—Saturday at Famous—very special—choice for

1.90



Men's Pants

\$5.50 and \$6.00 Values for \$3.85

It's to your absolute advantage to thoroughly investigate this most remarkable pants offering. Your choice of several hundred pairs of strictly all-wool worsted, cassimere and cheviot pants, in this season's most fashionable effects—absolutely correct in fit, style, workmanship and hang—pants that have been in our best selling \$5.50 and \$6.00 lines—Saturday at Famous, choice of any for

3.85



New Spring Clothes for Boys

As usual, Famous is first in the field with the new Spring apparel for the boys—a magnificent showing, indeed, far eclipsing anything heretofore attempted in St. Louis. Our prices this season you will find (as always) much lower than elsewhere on qualities far superior.

Boys' Spring Suits at \$7.00

Exquisite productions from the world's best boys' tailors—Three-piece Vest Suits, Double-breasted Two-piece and Norfolk styles—Russian Blouse Suits, Eton Sailor Suits with bloomer trousers and Buster Brown collar and tie—in the snappiest patterns introduced for this spring's wear—also plain blacks and blues—suits that cannot be matched for less than \$10 elsewhere—Saturday's Introductory Price....

7.00



Boys' Spring Suits at \$4.95

We have centered particular efforts on this line and know these suits are the best values ever shown in St. Louis—include all the newest styles in every desirable pattern effect and color combination in demand this season. Garments that are built from absolutely pure wool fabrics—perfect in fit and finish and guaranteed for their lasting qualities—\$8.00 and \$7.00 is what they'd cost you elsewhere—Saturday at Famous—choice for

4.95



Boys' Spring Suits at \$2.50

A wide range of nobby patterns in styles to please boys of all ages from 3 to 16 years—substantial, excellent wearing and slightly new spring suits that you'd consider reasonably priced at \$4.00—Famous Introductory Price....

2.50



Boys' Top Reefs at \$3.95

Clever little garments in the newest effects—fancy Scotch weaves and plain Cover cloths—beautifully embroidered designs on sleeve—the three-quarter length or the long Russian style with belt—sizes 2½ to 8 years—\$3.00 values elsewhere—Famous' Introductory Price....

3.95



16 PAGES

PART TWO

"FIRST IN EVERYTHING"

PAGES 9-16

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

THE MONKEY THAT BROKE UP

A St. Louis Home

NEXT SUNDAY

POST-DISPATCH

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 24, 1905.

PAGES 9-16

DOVE OF PEACE COOED SIMON OUT

Health Commissioner Explains Withdrawal From Race for Mayor.

TALTY CLAIMS 14 WARDS

Friends Now Working to Get Fifth and Twenty-fifth to Support Him.

Health Commissioner John H. Simon withdrew from the Democratic mayoralty race after a conference with John F. Lee, Thomas Jenkins and Edward J. O'Neill. Dr. Simon announced that he had been urged to do so in order to promote harmony in the party. The withdrawal of the health commissioner leaves a clear field for Mayor Wells in the Democratic primaries.

At the primaries the strongest battle will be over nominating candidates for collector and inspector of weights and measures, although in many wards the race for House of Delegates nomination will be interesting. There is no contention for the other positions on the ticket. Comptroller, Treasurer, Francesco Auditor Dierkes, Register Fitzgerald, President Phillips of the Board of Public Improvements and President O'Brien of the Board of Assessors have no opposition for renomination. Councilman Joseph Spiegelhalter has the field to himself for city marshal and Capt. Joseph Boyce is the only nominee for president of the City Council.

James Hagerman, Jr., son of the general attorney of the M. K. & T. Railroad Co., and Joseph Dickmann, who served two terms as sheriff, are rival candidates for city collector. This is the first public office ever sought by Mr. Hagerman. He is a young lawyer. His brother, Lee Hagerman, son of the Hon. Lee of Delegates from the Twenty-fifth ward,

Patrick J. McManam, the present incumbent, and Edmund T. Hogan, a dry goods salesman, are rival candidates for the position of inspector of weights and measures.

TALTY'S FRIENDS CLAIM HE HAS 14 WARDS

Judge John A. Talty's Republican friends are now claiming the Fifth and Twenty-fourth wards as the result of Otto F. Stifel's refusal to run for mayor. Committee Joseph L. Schuler of the Fifth and Fred Smith of the Twenty-fourth were both staunch supporters of Mr. Stifel for mayor.

Talty's friends have been working on Schuler and Schuler since Stifel failed from the race and now claim to have practically rounded up the two wards for their leader.

The opposition to Judge Talty concedes him four wards—Tenth, Twelfth, Thirteenth and Twenty-first—in addition to the Fifth and Twenty-fourth, the former circuit judge expects to secure the Republican nomination. The delegates to the national convention in Chicago will be selected at the primaries.

Contested primary contests are promised in many of the big Republican wards in North and South St. Louis. Dennis George and H. H. Talty, Talty's son, have a hard fight on his hands in the Eighteenth, E. H. Conrades, W. A. Block, George J. Koenig and others prominent Republicans have named a delegation to oppose Reicherman's ticket.

On the other hand, Louis Alt, who also has the support of Judge Talty, can assure his friends that he has a hard fight on his hands in the Twelfth ward. Alt was one of the men who had entered to get warm.

Schuler denied taking bread from the wagon.

Herman Blanks testified that he saw both men taking bread from the wagon.

"I find you \$10," said Judge Moore to Schuler, "because you not only took the bread but have told a lie about it. If you had told the truth I would have fined you only \$5, as I fine Patton."

Blanks said he two men left the saloon at North Broad while he was still there. Through the glass door he saw them take bread from his wagon. When he went to the saloon he found that Blanks had Patton and called Policeman Mooney, who arrested him.

Schuler was arrested later in the day. The two men live in the neighborhood where the affair took place.

X-RAY TO FIND HIS GOLD TEETH

TOOK A STRAW VOTE.

Interesting Experiment in a Restaurant.

An advertising agent, representing a restaurant in New York, while on a recent western trip was dining one evening in a Pittsburgh restaurant.

While waiting for his order he glanced over his newspaper and noticed the advertisement of a well-known dyspepsia preparation, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. As he himself was a regular user of the tablets, he began speculating as to how many of the other traveling men in the dining room were also friends of the popular remedy for indigestion.

He says: I counted twenty-three men at the tables and in the hotel office. I took the trouble to interview them and was surprised to learn that nine of the twenty-three made a practice of taking one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal.

One of them told me he had suffered so much from stomach trouble that at one time he had been obliged to quit the road, but after using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, he had been entirely free from indigestion, but he continued his use, especially while traveling, on account of irregularity in meals and because like all traveling men he was often obliged to eat what he could get and not always what he wanted.

Another, who looked the picture of health, said he never ate a meal without taking a Stuart Tablet afterward because he could eat what he pleased and when he pleased without fear of a sleepless night or any other trouble.

Still another used them because he was subject to gas on stomach, causing pressure on heart and lungs, shortness of breath and distress in chest, which he no longer experienced since using the tablets regularly.

Another claimed that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets was the only safe remedy he had ever found for sour stomach and acidity. He had formerly used common soda to relieve the trouble, but the tablets were much better and safer to use.

After smoking, drinking or other excesses which weaken the digestive organs, nothing restores the stomach to a healthy, wholesome condition so effectively as Stuart's Tablets.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets contain the natural digestives, papain, diastase, as well as mucus, hydrochloric and yellow paraffin, and can be safely relied on as a radical cure for every form of poor digestion. Sold by druggists everywhere.

WOMEN CHEER AS JEY SOY WINS

Commissioner Gray Decides That Chinese May Remain in This Country.

MEMBER OF SUNDAY SCHOOL

Court Fails to Restrain Applause of Wife of Pastor Brandt and Her Friends.

Mrs. J. L. Brandt, wife of the pastor of the First Christian Church and superintendent of the Chinese Sunday school, which forms a part of the work of that church, and several companions clapped their hands when United States Commissioner James R. Gray announced that Jey Soy would be permitted to remain in this country.

Soy has been a pupil of the Christian Church Sunday school and his case attracted wide interest among the church members interested in the Chinese mission work, and several members of the Compton Avenue Presbyterian Church were present and joined Mrs. Brandt and her companions in their applause. Commissioner Gray smiled instead of calling the women to order.

Soy was arrested in November and has been at liberty on bond. He testified that he was in business in St. Louis and had been here since 1882. He was born in San Francisco 25 years ago, he testified, and that his father brought him to St. Louis in 1882. Several witnesses sustained Soy's testimony. The decision, allowing him to remain, was based upon his birth in the country.

"TRUTH WOULD HAVE SAVED YOU \$5 FINE"

Court Doubles Penalty of Man Who Denied Stealing Bread—Companion Confessed.

Judge Patton and William Schlueter charged with stealing bread from a wagon of the McKinley Bakery Co. in front of a saloon at 510 North Broadway last Friday morning, were fined respectively \$5 and \$10 by Judge Moore in the Court of Criminal Correction Friday morning.

Patton's defense was that they took the bread as a joke, having known the driver of the bakery wagon, Herman Blanks, for years. They had been drinking with him, Patton said, in the saloon which he had entered to get warm.

Schlueter denied taking bread from the wagon.

Blanks testified that he saw both men taking bread from the wagon.

"I find you \$10," said Judge Moore to Schlueter, "because you not only took the bread but have told a lie about it. If you had told the truth I would have fined you only \$5, as I fine Patton."

Blanks said he two men left the saloon at North Broad while he was still there. Through the glass door he saw them take bread from his wagon. When he went to the saloon he found that Blanks had Patton and called Policeman Mooney, who arrested him.

Schlueter was arrested later in the day. The two men live in the neighborhood where the affair took place.

"Joke's on Me," Laughs D. R. Francis, on Discovering His Trip to Cuba Was First Vacation He Had Taken in 6 Years



Back at His Desk, "Renovated," He Tells of Schoolboy Freedom He Enjoyed Before Starting on Job of Straightening Out "Kinks" in World's Fair's Break Up of Housekeeping.

There's a renovated president of the Cuban Club of the Commercial Club of St. Louis. He is at the desk of David R. Francis in the old emergency hospital that is now doing duty as the World's Fair administration building.

It's still David R. Francis all right—even more all right than usual—but it's a new David R. Francis just the same. This is because the World's Fair president has just indulged in a three-weeks' vacation, which included a pleasure jaunt to Cuba in the best of good company.

And it was David R.'s first vacation in nearly six years.

That's why the World's Fair company has a renovated president. The kinks of nearly six years of hard labor have been smoothed out of him, mentally and physically, and all the shop-worn marks accumulated since 1889 eliminated. He's as good as new.

A big, ruddy, clear-eyed man leaned back in his chair and laughed heartily when Post-Dispatch reporter asked him how he enjoyed his first holiday in over five years.

"O, go away!" he said. "I've not been working that long without a vacation. Why, here, man, I can count it up for you partly, I tell you."

And then, after he had checked up on his fingers, he laughed again, a ringing, almost boyish laugh.

"The joke's on me," he said. "I'm blessed if it isn't true—I haven't taken a holiday for nearly six years! Who the mischief would have thought it?"

The problem seemed to puzzle the big, ruddy man.

And then President Francis—for it's no use trying to conceal his identity any longer—reached the solution of the baffling puzzle.

"O, here I'll tell you how it is!" he announced. "I was counting that trip I took to Europe to interest various great powers in the World's Fair as a holiday jaunt.

Then, too, I went to New York once to confer with the people there concerning the exposition, and I was in Washington to do what I could toward getting the World's Fair bill passed. That's where I make my mistake—it seemed to me those were good fools."

His lightning "stunt" through Europe was thought to be the most difficult achievement of the entire World's Fair.

Missionary work in New York was a task that fell to the World's Fair president in the matter of getting the World's Fair bill passed—anything but lightwork, hold-daying—that is, to the average man who knows what it is.

Nevertheless, President Francis was a bit weary and fatigued before he indulged himself to the extent of taking his recent trip to Cuba. He says so himself.

"It Was Fine."

"It was fine!" he exclaimed in discussing the jaunt. "I could hardly realize at first that I had the World's Fair business off my mind and was a free man. But it didn't take me more than a day to grasp the fact—and I enjoyed it like a boy going swimming!"

His eyes twinkled as he spoke.

"Look here, let me tell you something," he continued. "The World's Fair was very delightful and stimulating as long as it was alive, and I enjoyed every minute of it. The excitement, the meetings with pleasant and distinguished people, the music and the magic and all that. But this winding up the business of the Fair is like breaking up housekeeping and seeing that they are carted away, and listening to all sorts of moving-day complaints—they're my good friend, Col. Watson, of the Board of Trade, who has a nice way to straighten some kinks out for him—and the reaction has begun to make me feel not quite so fresh and hearty

as I am now."

Caufield is said to have made his first visit to the World's Fair last June when he accompanied his son, a small, thin, eight-year-old child, and continued to attend the child until its death a few weeks later.

Mr. Kramer in his cross bill named Dr. Edward J. O'Brien as the litigation of the matrimonial troubles. Dr. Caufield did not appear at the trial, though a suit is pending in which Mr. Kramer has sued his wife for alleged alienation of his wife's affection.

Caufield is said to have made his first visit to the World's Fair last June when he accompanied his son, a small, thin, eight-year-old child, and continued to attend the child until its death a few weeks later.

Mr. Kramer, testifying he then persuaded his wife to move from their home at 1601 Locust street to avoid Caufield, said that the doctor followed them there and continued his attention until a separation took place in October.

KRAMER GRANTED DIVORCE.
Dr. Caulfield, Named in Crossbill,
Not at Trial.

Harry A. Kramer was granted a divorce from his wife, Fannie, and the custody of their two children by Judge Sals in the Circuit court Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Kramer had brought suit for divorce and her husband had filed a cross bill. Her suit was dismissed and the decree was granted him on his cross bill.

Mr. Kramer in his cross bill named Dr. Edward J. O'Brien as the litigation of the matrimonial troubles. Dr. Caufield did not appear at the trial, though a suit is pending in which Mr. Kramer has sued his wife for alleged alienation of his wife's affection.

Caufield is said to have made his first visit to the World's Fair last June when he accompanied his son, a small, thin, eight-year-old child, and continued to attend the child until its death a few weeks later.

Mr. Kramer, testifying he then persuaded his wife to move from their home at 1601 Locust street to avoid Caufield, said that the doctor followed them there and continued his attention until a separation took place in October.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets contain the natural digestives, papain, diastase, as well as mucus, hydrochloric and yellow paraffin, and can be safely relied on as a radical cure for every form of poor digestion. Sold by druggists everywhere.

"TELEPHONE FOOL," ROSE MARION FINDS, ONE OF GREATEST NUISANCES

Her Pencil Runs Across Three Little Stories That Are Side-lights of the Day's News Illustrating Odd Concretes of Humanity.

BY ROSE MARION.
Hard words have battered against my tympanum at various times, but seldom have they hit quite so hard as these: Deliver me from the telephone fool. The biggest, most useless, unuseful kind of a fool, that a fairly modern invention ever produced. With all great improvements there usually come results that are undesirable. The telephone habit is bad, I admit, when permitted to mix too much with things other than business, but the telephone fool. That's the anti-climax."

No explanations was attempted by the

men read through the statements made concerning that which women will and will not do for the sake of society and they smile. Theirs is the smile of the unknowing. Their mirth would be wonder, perhaps amusement, perhaps disgust, did they know actual truths.

Men read through the statements made concerning that which women know when they want for social intercourse with men and women who talk of other things than the merely necessary ones, where there are complications given and exchanged, where there is a question of gowns and bonnets.

Public entertainments like the matinees, do not satisfy this want. There is a desire for what the French call a "cercle" and which we term a clique.

What is called "the society bus" comes sometime to most women. When they can't have things as they would the sadness of it all is greater than what we would term the nonsense of it.

I know a woman in St. Louis who longs for society much. Deprived of the same she makes the most of what she has. Other women dress for social functions. She has none to attend. Others gown themselves for guests. Few come to her home.

She makes a toilet daily for her grocery man. He is a wise person. Would do for a St. Louis Ward McAllister had not Mr. Hoblitzell pre-empted the claim. He is sly and smooth and other things which a suggest.

He flatters the woman's vanity. He never forgets to remark upon her "excellent taste."

Were he less of a diplomat he might refer to her fine figure or her beauty possessions which she has only in moderation.

The real pathos, however, is here.

He makes her pay for his courtesy and the happiness of having a grocer beyond the ordinary.

Were she to read over her monthly bills and compare them with current prices she would find that an extra number of cents is tacked to the various pounds of supplies.

Her attention called to the matter I doubt if she would make any change. The grocer is her society. He can talk small talk well. The other sellers hear from the members of her family who are serious in earnest about life.

Milwaukee Fireman Killed.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 24.—One fireman was killed, five were injured and property valued at \$40,000 was destroyed in a fire which started in a plastic mill of the International Woodwork Co.

FUNERAL DELAYED TO FIND CAUSE OF DEATH

Inquest Verdict Is That Fall From Car Did Not Kill Mrs. Manes.

The coroner's inquest into the cause of death of Mrs. Louisa Manes of 4170 Castlemar avenue, began at the house Wednesday afternoon just before the body was taken to the grave, was completed Friday.

The verdict was that death was caused by chills, fever and trouble, and was not

FRIDAY EVENING,
FEBRUARY 24, 1905.

POST-DISPATCH'S EDITORIAL PAGE AND DAILY

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER. Published by
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO., 210-212 N. BROADWAY.

"FIRST IN EVERYTHING"

20,000 More Post-Dispatches
sold in St. Louis
every day than
there are homes in the city.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION
ENTIRE YEAR 1904

Sunday - - 225,837
Daily - - 148,833

Biggest West of the Mississippi.

WHEN WILL ST. LOUIS HAVE ITS FIRST MILLION OF PEOPLE?

The suggestive article from the New York World on "The Marvelous Growth of Cities," which is reprinted on this page, has a special interest for the people of St. Louis, who are preparing for a record-breaking achievement in municipal growth. Their goal is a million population, and they have organized a Million Club to accomplish this result.

Consul-General Mason shows the remarkable effect of improved rapid transit upon Berlin's suburban population, which has increased much more rapidly than that of the city proper. The World points out that similar conditions are found in New York, the percentage of increase in crowded Manhattan being only 28, while that of Greater New York is 37.

St. Louis differs from these great cities and from Chicago, whose tremendous increase of population has been gained by the building up and annexing of suburban towns, in the fact that it has expanded evenly from the business center to the north, south and west. Whether because of the abundance of attractive and low-priced land within the city's boundaries or because of the lack of stimulating rapid transit facilities, no populous towns have grown in near proximity to St. Louis except upon the east, where the expansion of the city is barred by the river separating Missouri from Illinois.

Although East St. Louis and several other thriving towns on the east side are closely bound to St. Louis, enjoying the benefit of its railways, its overflow population and its overflow manufacturing plants, they cannot be annexed or counted as a part of the city.

THE TASK TO BE PERFORMED.

The expansion of St. Louis must take place wholly on the west side of the river. All the increase of population which can be counted as belonging to St. Louis must be located here. St. Louis has an area of only 39,276.80 acres, less than one-half of Philadelphia's, one-third of Chicago's and one-fifth of New York's. Probably 1,000,000 people could live within this area without much overcrowding, but a million of souls within the present area of St. Louis would mean 1,250,000. In 1904 the wholesale dry goods trade has doubled in six years, now amounting to \$80,000,000 annually. In the manufacture of shoes St. Louis has risen from fourth to third place.

That there are abundant opportunities for profitable investment in manufacturing plants is proved, not alone by the great increase in the output of St. Louis factories, but by the increase in the number of factories. In 1903 there was a net gain of 78 manufacturers and of \$11,917,400 new capital invested in plants. In 1904 there was a net gain of 161 manufacturers and \$11,615,500 new capital. The jobbing trade increased more than 10 per cent and the retail business from 10 to 20 per cent last year, over 1903.

St. Louis is fortunately situated in the center of the most productive valley in the world, with rivers forming natural highways for commerce, and railways spreading to every point of the compass. Her trade territory, exceeding that of Chicago, stretches far in all directions, but farthest to the south and southwest. It embraces the richest lands in the country.

The Southwest, which is just beginning to be developed, has the largest possibilities of development and is now passing through the most rapid process of development of any section of the Union. The developing of the Northwest will be to St. Louis what the developing of the Northwest was to Chicago, with the difference that the Southwest is far richer in resources than the Northwest.

Last year the distributing territory of St. Louis was enlarged by 1,000 miles of new railway, more than 40 per cent of the new railway construction in the United States.

St. Louis has cheaper fuel than any of her competitors. Fuel is cheaper in St. Louis than in Pittsburgh.

The Mississippi river is a great resource, which can be utilized whenever St. Louisans determine that it shall. The trade of the Orient will go that way when the Panama canal is completed.

St. Louis has a salubrious and healthful climate. The city's death rate is below the death rate of New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore.

The homes and parks of St. Louis were the special admiration of World's Fair visitors. It is surrounded by a charming country.

St. Louis has achieved the impossible. In defiance of general skepticism and discouragement, St. Louis created, financed and successfully managed the greatest international Exposition, without a failure at any point and without subsequent business reaction or stagnation. The city is known throughout the civilized world. Her solidity, resources, advantages are acknowledged.

Having the confidence of success in a supreme effort; having the proved ability and energy to achieve great things; having the material resources at command, there is no reason why St. Louis should not push the city forward into the million class in five years. The advantages are many, the obstacles are few and superable.

The object, therefore, of the Million Club is to discover wherein St. Louis is lacking in the conditions essential to the largest and most profitable business expansion. How can transportation facilities be improved and freight rates and charges reduced to a minimum? Are there abundant facilities for the prosperous operation of manufacture and commerce? Are the taxes, water rates and rents reasonable? Are there plenty of cheap and accessible factory locations?

The conditions of living in St. Louis are next to be considered. Would they attract men who are seeking new opportunities? Would men and women choose St. Louis as a place of residence in preference to other cities with equal business opportunities? Can they find here comfortable homes at reasonable cost, within convenient distance, measured in space or time, from the shops or offices? Are the transit facilities sufficient to accommodate a rapidly increasing population? Is the service efficient?

Have we the schools, colleges, churches, art galleries, theaters and other advantages for social, religious and educational development which are required for a great and growing community?

Are the public works sufficiently advanced to meet the wants of a million people? Have we the sanitary works, the improved and well-kept streets, the convenient parks and play-

grounds, the pure atmosphere and a sufficient supply of clear, wholesome water?

OBSTACLES AND SUGGESTIONS.

When the question of terminal and bridge conditions was raised by the Post-Dispatch in connection with the franchises sought by the Terminal Railroad Association, in 1903, the Business Men's League, the Manufacturers' Association and other business organizations urged upon the railroads the necessity of granting St. Louis hills of lading, which would place the city on the railroad map, and the removing of all St. Louis terminals to the west side of the river. The necessity of these changes is emphasized in the current report of the executive committee of the Business Men's League, which remarks that despite costly improvement, the terminal facilities "are still inadequate for the business of this city." * * * The situation here is unsatisfactory to both the shippers and the railways. Freight delays make both the railways and the shippers lose money and that makes the whole city poorer."

The testimony of merchants and manufacturers before the Senate investigating committee proves conclusively that St. Louis commerce and manufacturers suffer from inadequate terminal facilities and excessive terminal charges. The bridge arbitrary hampers large part of St. Louis commerce. It is impossible for a city to enjoy free and rapid growth with shackled commerce.

Might not the rectifying of these wrongs result in a bounding expansion—in an access of a quarter of a million population within five years?

The manufacturers complain that the water rates are too high—higher than those of any competitive city. They say that investors are frightened off by the rates. How much would low water rates help?

St. Louis has a complete system of street railways as any city in the Union, but the system does not give real rapid transit to the outlying residence districts and the suburbs. The steam railroad service to the suburbs is inadequate. How can the city expand without rapid transit?

The total rate of taxation has risen from 1.95 in 1900 to 2.19 in 1904, without any reduction of merchants' and manufacturers' licenses. Cannot this burden be lightened? Would it not be a wise policy to abolish the license tax, which is a direct tax upon enterprise?

The great waterway which was the first cause of the city's commercial growth and prosperity is practically unused. Who can calculate what the full utilization of the river for transportation would accomplish for St. Louis trade?

The atmosphere of the city has been improved through the operation of the anti-smoke law, but there is still large room for improvement.

We are still far short of the proper standard in municipal improvements, institutions and public work.

ADVANTAGES AND STIMULANTS.

Despite complaints of hampering conditions, St. Louis has made a remarkable record of growth and prosperity in manufactures, trade and finance. In a recent speech Festus J. Wade, the founder of the Million Club, gave the figures of the wonderful increase of St. Louis business since the beginning of the Exposition work six years ago. Within that period the taxable wealth of St. Louis has increased from \$360,000,000 to \$459,000,000; the banking capital has risen from \$20,000,000 to \$80,000,000; the bank and trust company deposits have increased from \$162,000,000 to \$225,000,000. In 1904 the bank clearings were \$2,800,000,000, twice those of 1898. The wholesale dry goods trade has doubled in six years, now amounting to \$80,000,000 annually. In the manufacture of shoes St. Louis has risen from fourth to third place.

That there are abundant opportunities for profitable investment in manufacturing plants is proved, not alone by the great increase in the output of St. Louis factories, but by the increase in the number of factories. In 1903 there was a net gain of 78 manufacturers and of \$11,917,400 new capital invested in plants. In 1904 there was a net gain of 161 manufacturers and \$11,615,500 new capital. The jobbing trade increased more than 10 per cent and the retail business from 10 to 20 per cent last year, over 1903.

St. Louis is fortunate situated in the center of the most productive valley in the world, with rivers forming natural highways for commerce, and railways spreading to every point of the compass. Her trade territory, exceeding that of Chicago, stretches far in all directions, but farthest to the south and southwest. It embraces the richest lands in the country.

The Southwest, which is just beginning to be developed, has the largest possibilities of development and is now passing through the most rapid process of development of any section of the Union. The developing of the Northwest will be to St. Louis what the developing of the Northwest was to Chicago, with the difference that the Southwest is far richer in resources than the Northwest.

Last year the distributing territory of St. Louis was enlarged by 1,000 miles of new railway, more than 40 per cent of the new railway construction in the United States.

St. Louis has cheaper fuel than any of her competitors. Fuel is cheaper in St. Louis than in Pittsburgh.

The Mississippi river is a great resource, which can be utilized whenever St. Louisans determine that it shall. The trade of the Orient will go that way when the Panama canal is completed.

St. Louis has a salubrious and healthful climate. The city's death rate is below the death rate of New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore.

The homes and parks of St. Louis were the special admiration of World's Fair visitors. It is surrounded by a charming country.

St. Louis has achieved the impossible. In defiance of general skepticism and discouragement, St. Louis created, financed and successfully managed the greatest international Exposition, without a failure at any point and without subsequent business reaction or stagnation. The city is known throughout the civilized world. Her solidity, resources, advantages are acknowledged.

Having the confidence of success in a supreme effort; having the proved ability and energy to achieve great things; having the material resources at command, there is no reason why St. Louis should not push the city forward into the million class in five years. The advantages are many, the obstacles are few and superable.

The questions to be decided are, what work is necessary to be done and what is the best way to do it.

POST-DISPATCH ANSWERS

Legal questions not answered. Business questions not given. No bets decided. Write but one question. Sign but one initial. Address all questions, "Answer, Post-Dispatch, City." Use postal cards if convenient.

A.—Don't know about Diamond Club.
J. P. R.—President is not a millionaire.

X. Y. Z.—Naval recruiting here in June.

H. J. STONE.—Miss Irwin not yet booked.

BROTHER.—Largest battleship, Connecticut and Louis-

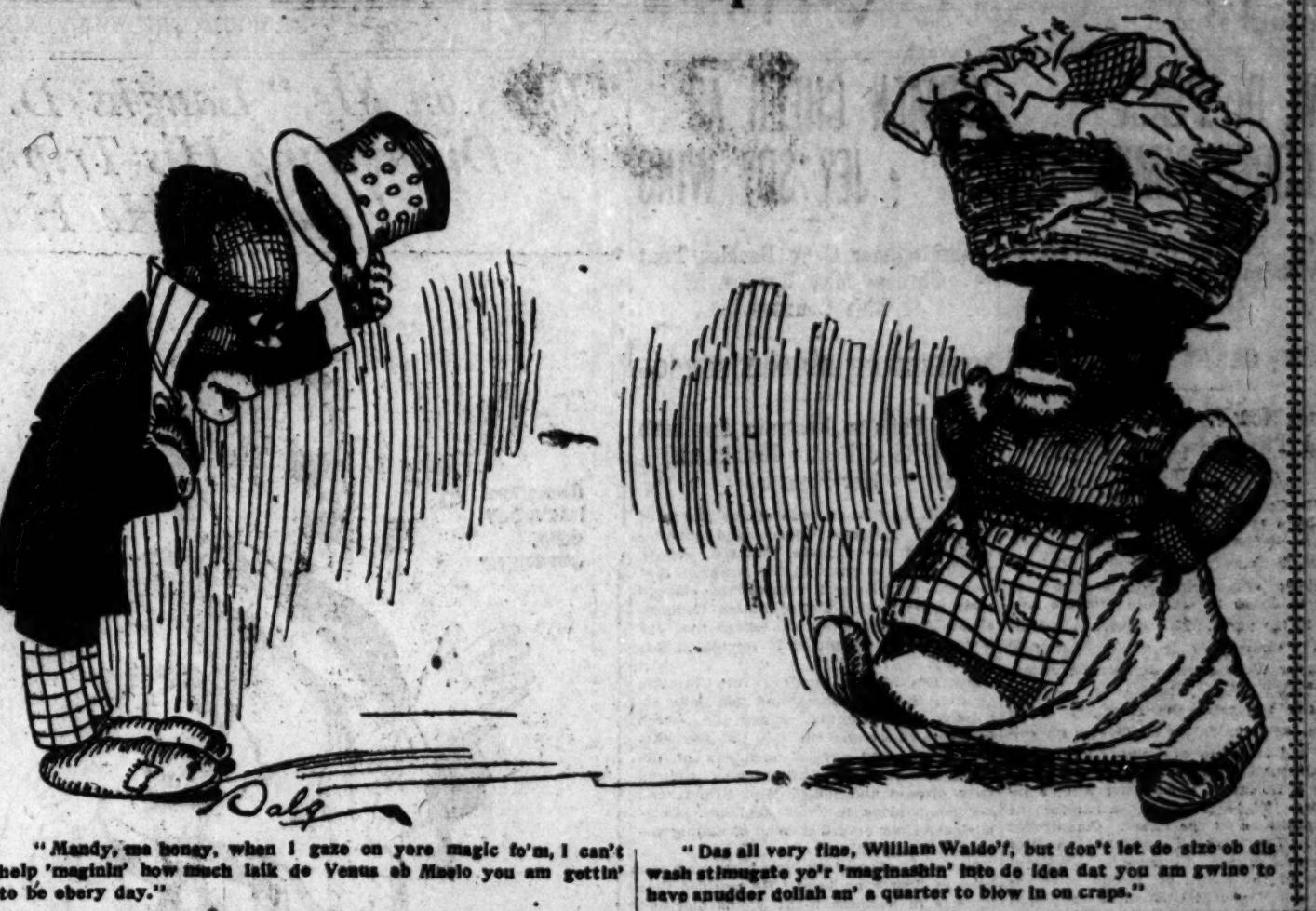
NURSE.—Superintendent City Hospital, Dr. John Young Brown.

J. C. M.—For government publications on telegraphy, write to your congressman.

R.—Matron of honor at wedding should not wear black; if a recent bride she can wear her wedding dress; flowers same as on her own dress.

G.—On Washington's birthday, 1898, snow; 1899, clear; 1900, snow; 1901, clear; 1902, snow; 1903, clear; 1904, snow; 1905, clear.

His Little Game at Once Suspected



"Mandy, me honey, when I gaze on yore magic fo'm, I can't help 'maginid' how much talk de Venus ob Misio you am gettin' to be obey day."

"Das all very fine, William Waldo'st, but don't let de size ob das wash stimigate yo'r 'maginashin' into de idea dat you am gwine to have another dollah an' a quarter to blow in on craps."

THE MARVELOUS GROWTH OF CITIES.

From the New York World.

The Department of Commerce and Labor has just published from the pen of Consul-General Mason an interesting study of the growth, under improved rapid-transit, of Berlin. A census taken upon Dec. 1, 1904, and compared with the same date of 1900, shows a growth in the city in four years from 1,888,845 inhabitants to 1,996,708.

This is a relatively small increment, but the reason is the same as that which holds the lower wards of Manhattan and Brooklyn to a stationary or declining number.

Berlin proper is completely built up, but in its suburbs in four years 653,128 persons have grown to 886,377, three-fourths of whose workers go daily to the city—a growth which is comparable to that of Queens, Bronx and the outer wards of Brooklyn. For "Greater Berlin" the increase, therefore, is 221,056, or 12.4 per cent.

As the pace tends to accelerate by compounding, the percentage of increase for the decade may reach 33 or even 35, and Berlin becomes by 1910 a metropolis of 3,400,000 people.

It is interesting to compare these computations with the careful ones made editorially for The World at the time of the opening of the subway. Greater New York is now a city of practically 4,000,000 souls. The population of Manhattan grew in the decade ending 1900 26 per cent; the other boroughs 45 per cent; the city as a whole 37 per cent. Including Westchester and the suburban areas in New Jersey the growth was 38.5 per cent. And, within 56 miles of the City Hall there now live 6,000,000 people.

The capital of the great and progressive German nation is now about two-thirds the size of New York, or a little more than half the size of our actual metropolis, including its Jersey and other suburbs, as Mr. Mason includes with Berlin its outlying towns. Berlin is growing very nearly as fast as New York and twice as fast as "Greater London," whose rate of increase from 1891 to 1901 was only 17 per cent. That New York, with all its new plans for rapid transit, will soon be the world's metropolis is reasonably certain. It is not impossible that Berlin may within the present century become the world's second city.

Folk's Legal Side.

Among other things the Green Book for February contains an article, with portrait, on "The Legal Side of Joseph W. Folk," by K. G. Belair of St. Louis.

Much has been said of Goy, Folk in the magazines and the press, but this is the first description of the legal qualities and methods of the now famous Missourian. Beginning with a statement of the apparently unsurmountable difficulties of getting evidence for indictment, and of finding legal authorities on bribery as precedents to convince the court, the writer of the article describes Folk's success in the surprising rapidity with which he can investigate and bring to trial the "uncouth and unerring familiarity of finding and hampering the weak point in his adversary's case"; in his keen apprehension of the line of defense which would be followed in the bribery cases, and in his wonderful persistence and tact in extracting testimony from unwilling witnesses. To illustrate these gradual discoveries, there are given of the gradual discovery of evidence in the St. Louis and Missouri bribery cases—with quotations from Folk's cross-examinations and arguments. The whole article is well worth reading.

MONEY VERSUS LIFE.

From Leslie's Monthly Magazine for March.

On the sixth day of December last President Roosevelt sent his annual message to Congress. All the problems confronting the nation claimed his attention. To meet them he made 32 specific recommendations, but first and foremost he demanded that

"The passage of a law requiring the adoption of a block-signal system as precedents to the Congress, I heartily concur in that recommendation, and would also point out to the Congress the urgent need of legislation in the interest of public safety, limiting the hours of labor for railroad employees in train service upon railroads engaged in interstate commerce, and providing that only trained and experienced men be employed in positions

NEW YORK NEWSPAPER VIEWS

This Morning's Comments on Today's News by the Leading Metropolitan Journals.

Official parties with candidates, but says:

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Dr. Osler's "joke on maturity," as the World calls the now famous remark, arouses all the papers to serious and lengthy discussion. Without exception they riddle the gentleman. The World's editorial on the subject is in line with the others. It says:

"Prof. William Osler's elation over his call from Johns Hopkins University to a chair at which he is scarcely comprehended. Some people have taken seriously his solemn protestation that at 60 a man is comparatively useless, while at 60 he should be usefully chloroformed."

Among Washington's maxims was he bequeathed to his countrymen was "Observe good faith and justice toward all nations," but whether he was thinking of Porto Rico or the Philippines at the time is not known.—The Telegram.

The World records with evidence of regard that "The Czar has decided that he will be permitted to end his reign." He means that spring is on her way; that winter, he says, will be permitted to end in his own way. If it will take another beating in the fair East and more riots and assassination in Russia to convince the Czar that peace is expedient the prospects are fair that he will get them. But the pity of it is that the cost of his obstinate fatuity must be paid for out of the blood and the sweat of his wretched subjects."

Unless rate legislation is adopted, says ex-Senator Chandler, Bryan will surely be beaten at the polls in 1908. According to Senator Carmack, Roosevelt is Bryan's chief "disciple." Would Mr. Chandler prefer to the pupil to the teacher?—The Times.

The Evening Sun remarks: "So a bucket of whitewash is to be applied to that illustrious sailor, the admiral of the Baltic fleet, who won the only victory of the war for Russia at sea. The new rule for the guidance of naval commanders at sea in war time will be, 'When in doubt, bias away.' This will be very reassuring to the skippers of merchant ships everywhere."

"Go slow" is the Senate's decision. "Die quick" is the penalty it imposes on the shipper.—The Press.

The North Sea verdict.

The Sun reviews the rumored decision in the North Sea case, which, while ignoring the question as to the presence of torpedo boats, holds that the Russian admiral was justified in believing his squadron to be in danger,

If You Find Anything, Bring It to Post-Dispatch Lost and Found Bureau.

Get a CLAIM CHECK for it. Have it ADVERTISED. RECLAIM it if the owner does not. Full Information at Post-Dispatch Office.

Deaths, Burial Permits, Marriages and Births.

DEATHS.

BELSCHEIR-On Friday morning, Feb. 24, 1905, at 2 a.m., after a short illness, Maria Anna Belcher (nee Mendenhall), our beloved mother, mother-in-law, grandmother, great-grandmother, and sister Henry Belcher, son, Mary Hesselin, daughter, Emma Belcher (nee Heslin), daughter-in-law, Frank Hesselin, son-in-law, Elizabeth Hesselin, daughter, and nice nieces, all of whom are 85 years and 4 months.

Born Monday morning, Feb. 27, 1905, at 8:30 o'clock, from family residence, 132 South Eighth street, thence to St. Peter and Paul's Church, the St. Peter and Paul's Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

BONNER-On Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1905, at 9 a.m., Theresa Bonner at St. Luke's Hospital, at the age of 35 years. Funeral from Mrs. Dreher's residence, 124 Main street, Saturday afternoon, 2 p.m.; at 2 p.m., thence to New Pickett Cemetery.

HERWECK-On Wednesday, Feb. 22, 1905, at 9 a.m., Harry Herweck, his beloved husband of Minnie Herweck (nee Herweck), our dear father, aged 63 years and 3 months.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

HUNNELL-On Tuesday, Feb. 21, 1905, at 3 p.m., David Hunnell, beloved husband of Jennie Hunnell (nee Newman) and father of William, David and Benjamin Hunnell, sons; and John, Mrs. John and Jessie Lambert, aged 66 years.

Funeral Saturday, Feb. 25, 1905, at 2 p.m., from family residence, 1906 Bell avenue, St. Louis; St. Peter and Paul's Cemetery.

Lyvansville (Ind.) papers please copy.

LAUGHEY-On Thursday, Feb. 23, at 8:30 a.m., beloved son of Mrs. Agnes Laughey, dear brother of Joseph Charles, William, John and Gustav and Mrs. Laughey.

Funeral Sunday afternoon from family residence, 2305 Bismarck, at 2 p.m., to New Pickett Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

LOECH-Emma O. Loerch, M. D., beloved wife of Louis O. Loerch, died at 11 a.m. Sister of Mrs. Louis Niehaus (nee Loerch) and niece of Gottschall and Ernst Axt, at the age of 29 years and 3 months.

Funeral Saturday, Feb. 25, at 10:30 a.m., from residence of Mr. William Hefner, 230 South Twelfth street.

Friends and relatives invited.

MILLER-Entered into rest on Friday, Feb. 24, 1905, at 11 a.m., Alvin J. Miller, son of Ruth (nee Schaefferberger), at the age of 76 years, beloved mother of Clara Ruenzel, Joseph T. Ruenzel, Mrs. Clara Ruenzel, C. Rosina Forni, and James J. Miller.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

Mobile, Ala., St. Charles, Mo., Columbia, Mo., and Kansas City, Mo., papers please copy.

MORGAN-Entered into rest on Thursday, Feb. 22, 1905, at 8:40 a.m., Clara M. Morgan, beloved wife of Richard D. Morgan, and mother of Bertha Morgan, after a long illness, at the age of 93 years 3 months 25 days.

Funeral Sunday at 9 a.m. from family residence, 1320 Sylvan, 28th and Locust, St. Louis, to Holy Cross Church, 1827 St. Louis avenue, thence to St. Peter and Paul's Cemetery, St. Louis County.

OTTING-On Thursday, Feb. 23, at 8 a.m., John Ottig, beloved husband of Rosie Ottig and our stepfather, stepmother, and mother of Mrs. Ottig, aged 46 years 7 months and 6 days.

Funeral from family residence, 2220 Montana street, on Saturday, Feb. 25, at 1:30 p.m.

MAHLEY-On Wednesday, Feb. 22, 1905, at 11 a.m., Lawrence Rabelly (nee Staud), beloved husband of Bridget Rabelly (nee Staud), and father of Nellie Rabelly and Mrs. L. R. Spehr (nee Rabelly).

Funeral from residence, 2307 La Salle street on Saturday, Feb. 25, at 10:30 a.m., to St. Kevin's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

BEARDON-Entered into rest on Thursday, Feb. 22, 1905, at 10:30 a.m., Mary Beardon, wife of the late John Beardon, and dear mother of Mrs. Cooney and John Beardon, Mrs. L. Buley and Mrs. Frank Martin, and sister of Mrs. J. Keege.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 515 Natural Bridge road, on Saturday, Feb. 25, at 2 p.m., to Holy Rosary Church, 1827 Calvary Cemetery, friends are invited to attend.

THOMPSON-On Thursday, Feb. 22, 1905, after a long illness, Lillie F. Thompson (nee Carstaphen), at Frankford, Mo., aged 36 years.

Funeral from family residence, at Frankford, Blue Creek, Mo., Saturday, Feb. 25, at 2 p.m.

TRIGG-Entered into rest on Thursday, Feb. 22, 1905, at 11:30 p.m., Alfred Trigg, beloved husband of Catherine A. Trigg (nee Bagnell), father of Mrs. J. E. Wilkins (nee Trigg) of Fallon, Ill., John J. Lucy and Dr. Alfred Trigg, in his 78th year.

Funeral from family residence, 1906 Palm street, Sunday, Feb. 26, at 2 p.m., relatives and friends cordially invited.

WRAPE-On Feb. 22, 1905, her resid. No. 1140 of Venetian, a victim of pneumonia, Emma D. Wrape, beloved wife of Henry Wrape, aged 46 years.

Funeral from residence, St. Rose's Church on Saturday, Feb. 25, at 10 o'clock A.M.

Indianapolis papers please copy.

Death notices received too late for classification will be found on page fifteen.

Burial Permits.

Mary M. Tissier, No. 14406 Blidell, debtfy, J. Murphy, No. 10, Alexian Brothers' Hospital; W. Smith, No. 71, St. Anthony's Hospital; J. Murphy, No. 8, St. Louis; repatriate.

J. J. Dougherty, No. 40, Contessa; tuberculars, J. Murphy, No. 20, Widows' Home; repatriate.

John Klemmer, No. 170, St. Louis; repatriate.

John G. Coughlin, No. 71, St. Louis; repatriate; pneumonia.

Catherine Edan, No. 8400 S. Grand; gastritis, Josselin Chern, No. 2181 St. Louis; tuberculars.

Joseph Egan, No. 1224 N. 16th; indigestion, Daniel McLaughlin, No. 14000 Columbia Bottom road; repatriate.

Margaret Dunn, No. 74, Hobart; bronchitis, Elizabeth Moore, No. 203 N. 8th; enteritis, John C. Johnson, No. 40, Contessa; tuberculars, J. Murphy, No. 20, Widows' Home; repatriate.

John Adams, No. 2000 Morgan; pleural; John G. Coughlin, No. 71, St. Louis; repatriate.

MONEY PINNED ON; ROBBERS MISSED IT

Edward Webster Says He Felt Blow Was Coming Before It Struck.

CLUB AND SANDBAG USED

Victim Says Two Men Attacked Him on Street, Knocking Him Unconscious.

Edward Webster, an electrician living at Kirkwood, Mo., was found unconscious at the mouth of an alley on Sixteenth street, between Pine and Olive streets, late Thursday night.

He was taken to the City Hospital, where he was revived. Webster said he was attacked by two persons, one of whom struck him with a club on the wrist, while the other struck him with a sandbag on the head.

He said his assailants robbed him of \$10, which he had in his pocketbook, but failed to find \$25 he had pinned in his trousers.

"I came to St. Louis Thursday and collected some money," he said. "About 9:30 o'clock I left the Public Library, where I had been reading and started to walk to Union Station.

"When I reached the alley on Sixteenth street near Pine I felt that someone was about to strike me. I threw up my arm and was struck on the wrist. Then another person, I am sure there were two, struck me with a sandbag. I awoke in the hospital.

A lacerated wrist and a slight contusion were the result.

He was found in the alley by L. B. Walsmer and O. F. Sagriff, both of 1531 Pine street, two hours after the time he says the assault occurred.

We Want Your Diamond Account. We will sell you a diamond or watch cheaper than any one in town. Diamond delivered at once. All the time you want for payments—monthly or weekly. Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d floor, 308 N. Sixth street.

DEPEW LAUDS THE PRESIDENT

Director of 54 Railroads Praises Roosevelt's Move for Railway Rate Legislation.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Chaucey M. Depew, director of fifty-four railroad corporations, enthusiastically endorsed President Roosevelt's new railway rate legislation and lauded the "radicalism" of the President, the "concessions" which check anarchists and socialism in this country," at the annual dinner of a Republican club in the Hotel Savoy last night.

"If forty is the end of life," said he, referring to Dr. Osler's talk, "and sixty is the time of chloroform, then it is safe, for I've passed the chloroform period."

Big reductions on every pair of boys', girls' and children's shoes in the house. See window at BOEHMERS, 410 N. Broadway.

ATTORNEY VICTIM OF A PLOT?

George P. Dougherty Tells Police of Mysterious Shot.

George P. Dougherty, an attorney, residing at 1420 Pendleton avenue, has asked the police to investigate the origin of a shot which rang out from around the end-story window of his residence shortly after midnight Tuesday. Dougherty told the police he heard the shot and deliberately fired at him from the second story of some building in the neighborhood.

Dougherty was asleep when the shot was fired and was awakened by a noise patter falling from the ceiling, where the bullet had imbedded itself. Dougherty sprang from bed and hastened to the window, but could see no one. He was unable to tell the police anyone he suspected.

Little gent's school shoes in box calf, \$2 to \$3. Every pair of boys' and girls' shoes in the house reduced. See window at BOEHMERS, 410 N. Broadway.

ADVERTISING MEN'S SMOKER

Chas. H. Jones Was Toastmaster at Knickerbocker Luncheon.

A Knickerbocker luncheon was served Thursday evening at the regular monthly meeting of the Advertising Men's League at the St. Nicholas Hotel. The luncheon was followed by pipes and tobacco.

A number of informal speeches were given, and toasts were responded to. Charles H. Jones acted as toastmaster, and the following responded: Cyrus C. Franke, Eugene C. Batten, John C. Phillips, T. R. Schollmeyer and R. E. Lee. Mr. Lee appeared in the place of Fred Busche, president of the Missouri Merchants Association.

Knox shoes for girls, sizes 1½ to 2; French calf, \$3.50, now \$2.25, at Boehmer's.

Plans for Inaugural Special.

Thomas J. Akins, the presidential inaugurator, is preparing to have a special train from St. Louis to Washington for the accommodation of the representatives of the Missouri schools and others who will attend the inauguration. He is now engaged in registering the prospective visitors and if a sufficient number is secured they will travel to Washington on a special train leaving St. Louis March 1, over the Big Four.

OYSTERS. "Finest" Selects, 2¢ a dozen. Milford's Restaurant, 207 N. Sixth street.

A Final Clearance!!

Tomorrow will be the last and best day of after-season selling at the big store—the last day you will have the opportunity of supplying your clothing needs at from 15 to 40 per cent less than regular prices. In this grand final clean-up of all winter weights we've guarded against any disappointment in regard to sizes by adding several higher-priced lots, and can still give at each of the prices quoted below all sizes for men and youths.

Choice of Several Hundred Men's and Youths' Suits and Overcoats

at **\$8.50**



Choice of Several Hundred Men's and Youths' Suits and Overcoats

at **\$12.90**

Come tomorrow expecting the best values ever distributed in the city of St. Louis. You'll not be disappointed. See them displayed in our windows.

We also invite attention to our Washington Avenue window display of new Spring Top Coats and Cravettes, garments of style and exceptional value, at \$9.75 to \$25.

**Open Saturday
Till 10 P. M.**

The MODEL

"Your Money's Worth or Money Back."

Buy Trousers Tomorrow

Think of the values offered in our Semi-Annual Sale of Trousers, then ask yourself if you can afford to miss it. Come in tomorrow and look around—be sure and see the Trousers we're selling at \$2.70. They come in fancy Worsteds, black Thibets and fancy Cassimeres—medium cut and peg tops—black and fancy waist linings—strong pocketing—sewed with silk and linen—well tailored—perfect fitting—in all sizes—regulars, slacks and slims—men's and youths', at choice.

\$2.70

Our Hat Department

We are showing many new creations in Men's and Boys' Spring Headwear, including all the leading blocks in stiff hats, in black and the popular shades of brown and tan; also soft hats in Alpine, Pan Tourist, Flat Iron and Telescop styles, in Black, Brown, Tan, Fawn and Pearl; all good grades—satisfaction or a new hat, at

\$1.90, \$2.40, \$3.00

Spring Shirts

A special Saturday value in new Spring Shirts—pleated bosoms—in chambrey and madras cloths—champagne tans and blues—cuffs attached—displayed in our Washington Avenue windows—down to choice.

\$1.25

Fancy Vests

Some of the sweetest creations of the Spring season—single and double breasted—silk and Oxford cloths, mercerized and basket weaves—large variety—in stout and regular sizes—at prices ranging from \$5 down to

\$1.50

Shoes at Reduced Prices

Tomorrow we clean up about 100 pairs of Men's Shoes—mostly small sizes—broken lots—box calf, vic kid, patent colt and velour calf, in button, bal, blucher or congress—all styles of toes—to make a clean sweep we offer choice of all at

\$2.45

Now
Comes
Piano
Time.



Piano-buying time is somehow inseparably linked with house-cleaning time, and as spring is now upon us, is it not time you were settling the much-mooted piano question?

We want you to call and let us tell you

Why

We occupy a position in the piano trade whereby we can do more for you in a piano way than any other St. Louis house. Will you call today?

We manufacture over 7500 STARR and RICHMOND pianos every year, which we sell on easy terms.

**Jesse French Piano Co.,
1114 Olive Street.**

G. A. FIELD, President.

St. Louis has more Post-Dispatch readers every day than it has homes.

"First in everything."

L&N MARDI GRAS

AT
NEW ORLEANS, LA. MOBILE, ALA.
PENSACOLA, FLA.

MARCH 7, 1905

ROUND-TRIP RATES:

St. Louis to New Orleans.....\$20.00
St. Louis to Mobile 17.10
St. Louis to Pensacola 17.10

TICKETS ON SALE MARCH 1st TO 7th.

Ticket Offices—206 N. Broadway and Union Station, St. Louis, Mo.

Ask for a

QUALITY IS OUR MOTTO!

MERCANTILE

Best Because

You are NOT paying for BILL BOARDS, FENCE PAINTING, CLOCKS, FREE DEALS, etc., but for FINE QUALITY HAVANA TOBACCO, EQUAL TO IMPORTED CIGARS.

Held direct to the retailer by F. R. RICE M. C. CO., Manufacturers, ST. LOUIS.

THE CROWN DENTAL PARLORS

600 OLIVE STREET. Open Post Office, FREE EXAMINATION AND ADVICE

Amalgam Fillings.....\$2.00 to \$6.00
Silver Fillings.....\$2.00 to \$6.00
Bone Fillings.....\$2.00 to \$6.00
Gold Fillings.....\$10.00 up

We extract teeth absolutely without pain or fear. We make a full set of teeth for \$10.00. We supply all kinds of orthodontic plates and bridges a specialty. We will give you a written guarantee for 10 years. We will fit all our work to your teeth. Call or write to Dr. G. W. Schaefer, 206 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

The Crown Dental Parlors

600 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Writing Powder.

This new Writing Powder is the most brilliant and durable powder available to ladies. MARVEL, Box 219, Times Building, St. Louis.

For sale by Wolf-Wilson Drug Co., 6th and Washington Av., and Johnson Drug, Broadway and Franklin Av.

WEAK MENI

WEAK MENI</p